The Columbian.

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FORTY-THIRD ANNUAL FAIR.

Large Attendance.—Fine Exhibits.—Exciting Races.

The forty-third annual exhibition of the Columbia County Agricultural Horticultural and Mechanical Association was held last week, and was undoubtedly one of the most successful meetings ever held by the Society. The weather could not have been any nicer, it being if anything a little too warm for comfort. There was an unusually large number of entries, every department being filled. The live stock department attracted the attention of a large crowd who could not help but admire the fine cattle, swine etc.

The exhibition building was as usual the center ot attraction, people going there to examine the display of fancy articles etc., and it was so crowded that one had to undergo considerable jamming to get through.

The number of side shows on the ground was about up to former years. Among the most notable being Noah's Ark.

Among our town merchants who had displays were, L. E. Wharey, stoves and chinaware; J. H. Mercer, lamps; J. Saltzer, pianos and organs; Gomer Thomas, musical merchandise; also an exhibit of clay modeling by the Normal School.

The races were unusually exciting this year, and the track record was lowered from 2.16 to 2.15. The Jackson combination which gave exhibitions between heats was very good and interested everybody. The summaries of the races follow:

THURSDAY.

2:35 CLASS TROTTING, PURSE $300.

Red Frank, ch s Ohio	4-1-1-2-1
Bud Johnson, br g Auburn	3-3-2-3-3
Brother Pat, b g Newcomerstw'n	5-2-3-1-2
Richmond, b g Jamestown	1-6-5-6-4
Peratola, b g Guilford	2-5-9-7-5
Binghamton Willies Bingh't'n	7-4-4-4-7
Malva, ch m Pittston	6-7-6-5-6
Kate Medium, br m Jermyn	8-8-7-9-9
Rex, b g Mahanoy Plane	9-9-8-8-8

Time—2:30-2:29¼-2:27¼-2:27½-2:25½.

2:19 CLASS, TROT OR PACE, PURSE $300.

Kodak, blk c Camden	1-1-1
Dolly Spencer, br m DuBois	2-2-2
Charley Temple, b g Nazareth	7-3-3
W. O. Bradly, blk g Reading	4-5-11
Medium Boy, b s Tunkhannock	6-7-5
Harry P., blk g Lancaster	5-4-8
Coral Wood, blk m Warren	8-10-10
Bessie A., b m Centralia	11-9-4
Maud L., ch m Taylor	3-12-6
Chas. Summer, b s Chafee, N. Y.	12-6-9
Daisy B., br m Middleton	9-8d
Bertha C., c m Scranton	10-11-7
Bob T., St. Albans, Vt.	13-d

Time—2:19½-2:19¼-2:19½.

2:30 CLASS, PACING, PURSE $300.

Jennie Lewis, b m Sidney	1-1-1
Mamie L., s m Hughesville	3-2-4
Platter, b g Camden	2-4-3
Minnie Russel, br f Lewisville	4-6-2
Prince, s g Kulpville	5-3-5
Hal Kyter, b h Newcomerstown	9-5-7
Tommy B., b g Lehighton	6-8-8
Bennie Boy, blk s Buffalo	7-9-9
Nancy Russel, br m Newbury	d

Time—2:24¼—2:25--2,26.

The music was furnished by the Ninth Regiment Band of Wilkesbarre, under the direction of Prof. Alexander. The fair association could have made no better selection. The music was excellent.

We have not been informed as to the exact number of tickets sold, but it is the opinion that the attendance every day was the largest ever had.

FRIDAY.

3:00 CLASS, FARMERS HORSES—PURSE $150.

Young Topsy Taylor, b m Espy	2-2-1-1-1
Daisy, b n Light Street	1-1-3-2-2
Belle, s m Espy, Pa	3-3-2-3-3
Nellie, s m Espy, Pa	4-4-4-4-4

Time—2:55½-2:48½-2:51-2:52-2:51.

2:24 CLASS, TROTTING. PURSE $300.

Passport, b m Bethlehem	1-1-1
Red Bird, b g Elmira	6-2-2
Sis Prose, b m Hollidaysburg	7-3-3
Prince M, b s Herrick Centre	3-4-6
Hurricane, b g Shillington	2-5-7
Capt. Payne, ch g Buffalo	5-6-4
Orianna, g m Allentown	4-7-5

Time—2:23½—2:25½—2:23¼.

2:40 CLASS, PACE. PURSE $300.

S. W. W, b g Sidney	2-1-1-2
Minnie Russel, br f Louisville	1-2-2-6
Handy, blk g Clarion	3-4-3-1
Thomas W., s g Kulpsville	5-3-4-4
Hal Kyter, c h Newcomerstown	4-5-5-3
Miss Lillie, b m E. Buffalo	7-7-6-5
Jib, b m Steavensville	7-ds.
Lillie H., s m Luzerne	6-6-ds.
Nancy Russel, br m Newburg	8-ds.

Time—2:24¼—2:21½—2:23—2:28¼.

2:45 CLASS, TROT. PURSE $300.

Silver King, ro g Hazleton	2-1-2
Novert, b g Wilkesbarre	3-2-1
Richmond, b g Jamestown	1-3-3
Belle of Hedgefield, b m Pittston	4-5-4
Pocono, br g Wilkesbarre	5-4-5
Maggie Collins, b m Shamokin	6-6-6

Time—2:26¼—2:27½—2:28¼.

The grand stand was packed with people every day. Saturday's races proved the most interesting of the fair. The 2.24 class pacing was especially good. Three horses in different heats finished neck and neck. In the free-for-all, Superior Gift, owned by George Henning, of Ontario, Can. created considerable surprise, by winning the race and twice breaking the track record.

SATURDAY.

2:40 CLASS (PACING), PURSE $300.

S. W. W., b g J. R. Simons	2 1 1 2 1
Minnie Russell, br m W. S. Gracey	1 2 2 6 2
Handy, blk g C. A. Wheelock	3 4 3 1 3
Hal Kyter, b g G. Lee	4 5 5 3 4
Miss Lillie, b m Sam Resh	7 7 6 5dis
Thomas W., s g John J. Troxell	5 3 4 4d
Lillie H., s m J. N. Haight	6 6 7 d
Nancy Russell, br m J. J. Clancy	8 dis
Jib, b m A. B. Burrows	9 dis

Time—2:24¼ 2:21¼, 2:23, 2:28¼, 2:25.

2.45 CLASS, PURSE $300.

Norvet, b. g., Elwood Smith	3 2 1 1 1
Richmond, b. g., J. W. Hines	1 3 3 2 2
Silver King, r. g., H. Dryfoos	2 1 2 6 6
Pocono, br. g, D. G. Callahan	5 4 5 4 3
Maggie Collins, b. m., G. S. Fisher	6 6 6 3 4
Belle of Hedgefield, b. m. M. L. Perrin	4 5 4 5 5

Time, 2.26¼, 2.27¼, 2.28¼, 2.29½, 2.28½.

Free-for-all, Purse $400.

Superior Gift, b. g., George Henning	3 1 1 1
Raven, blk. m., Dr. J. L. Wentz	1 8 6 7
Vete, br. m., R. Hentschel	4 3 2 2
Guy Wonder, b. g., Jerry Gauff	2 2 4 4
Cling, blk. g, O. A. Titlow	6 5 3 3
Minnie P., b. m., C. S Powell	8 4 5 6
Nellie Rooker, b. m., W. F. Hall	7 7 8 5
Mary Russell, b. m., H. A. Moorhead	5 6 7dr

Time, 2.16, 2.15½, 2.15, 2.16.

2.24 Class (Pacing), Purse $300.

Trixie Lee, b. m., R. Hentschel	1 1 5 6 1
Half-Past Seven, b. g., Jerre Gauff	2 2 2 1 2
Pearl Alfred, b. f., Maplewood Stock Farm	4 3 1 4 6
Dolly Quinn, b. m., M. P. Connell	5 9 6 2 5
James H. Eckels, b. s., formerly Silver Leaf, J. M. Shannon	7 4 3 3 3
Leota C., g. m., Elwood Smith	3 6 7 5 4
Little Dan, s. g., R. A. Stiver	6 8 4 7dr
Plater, b g., J. M. Patterson	8 5 8dr
Fern Cliff, b. g. J. F. Nisely	10 7 dr
Beau Ideal, ch. g., F. S. Stillwell	9 10 dr

Time, 2.21¼, 2.21¼ 2.22¼, 2.22, 2 22.

2.29 Class, Purse $300.

On account of darkness, it was agreed between the judges and owners of horses to decide this race with one heat.

Sis Prose, b. m., B. Caldwell	1
Barre, br. g., Elwood Smith	2
Belle Leland, b. m. Maplewood S. Farm	3
Electric Prince, blk. g., H. E. Hoover	4

Time, 2.23½.

Thus the forty-third annual fair has passed into history, and the only thing to be regretted was the admission to the ground of the many gambling games, whose sole object was to cheat people out of money. This is the first time so many fakirs of this kind have been allowed on the ground, and it is to be hoped it will be the last.

HOME THEATRICALS.

On Wednesday and Thursday evenings of last week there were given at the Opera House, dramatic entertainments which were as good as any that have been seen there in some years, and far better than most of the performances given here by professional troupes. The company consisted of young ladies and gentlemen of Bloomsburg, and Herbert Wyle of Danville, the latter consenting to take part only because no one could be found here who would play the role of "Prof. Potts." Much time and labor were expended in preparation, and the result merited much larger returns than were received, the net profits of the two nights amounting to about sixty dollars. The proceeds will go toward the purchase of a new organ for the Episcopal Church.

The play of "Consolidation" was written by Fred Ikeler Esq., and depicted the sad close of the career of an old Wall street broker, who after experiencing the ups and downs of a stock speculator, dies just as he learns that he is made rich again through some railroad stock that he believed to be worthless, but which, by the manipulation of his young partner, Mr. Forrester, advances to par by consolidation with other roads. Mr. Ikeler played the part of the old broker, Mr. Thompson, and did it well. Though this was, we believe, his first appearance on the dramatic stage, his acting was that of an experienced player, and he even surpassed the expectations of his rriends who knew he would do it well. The other characters were Mr. Forreste by Sam. H. Harman; Mr. Brown, his confidential man, by Harry Stees; James, the office boy, by Arthur Grotz; and Mabel, Mr. Thompson's daughter, by Miss Katharine Gardner, all of whom did admirably. At the close of the play Mr. Ikeler was called before the curtain.

"Mr. Bob" was a two act comedy, and caught the audience at once. Miss Rebecca Luke, a spinster who is fond of cats, and who also has legal business with Benson & Benson, has decided to make some alterations in her residence to provide for her cats, and has consulted an architect by the name of Brown whom she expects to call upon her, but is desirous of concealing the fact from her nephew Philip, and her niece Katharine, and so cautions her maid Patty, and her butler, Jenkins, that if Mr. Brown calls he is not to mention his name. Katharine is also expecting her school friend, Marion, to visit her. She has nicknamed her friend Bob, and Philip falls into the error of believing this friend to be a man, and Katharine carries on the joke by not undeceiving him. Philip also is expecting a friend named Saunders to visit him. The arrival of Mr. Brown, clerk to Benson & Benson, to see Miss Beckie on legal business, leads to a series of amusing situations. Philip mistakes him for "Mr. Bob," Katharine mistakes him for Saunders, and Miss Beckie thinks he is her architect.

Fred Ikeler showed his versatility in the humorous character of Mr. Brown; Miss Katharine Gardner as Patty, and Ed. E. Caldwell as Jenkins were immense, and added greatly to the fun. County Superintendent John K. Miller as Philip played his part to perfection, and Miss Maud Runyon both in make up and acting, portrayed faithfully the character of a maiden lady. As Katharine, Miss Lilla Sloan did herself proud, and Marion or "Mr. Bob" was well taken by Miss Annie Maize.

Mrs. J. L. Richardson rendered valuable assistance in coaching the actors in their several parts in Mr. Bob.

"Marcy" was presented on Thursday evening by nearly the same persons who played it a year ago. The stage management was under the direction of Mr. Wyle, and the success of the play is in part due to his efforts in conducting the preparation. Miss Katharine Gardner in the difficult role of Marcy more than sustained her reputation, and Frank Wilson was the same old down-east farmer, Jethro Baxter. Sam H. Harman took the part of Jack Henderson, Frank Colley that of Harry Woodthorp, Arthur Grotz as Wallie, Jack's brother, Miss Lilla Sloan as Emma Watson, Miss Vida Miller as Edith, Jack's sister, Miss Maud Runyon as Jack's mother, and Herbert Wyle as Potts and all showed a clear conception of their parts, and entered into the spirit of the play with a zeal that greatly pleased the audience. Deforest Hummer as Jake, the farm hand, was good in the little he had to do. Miss Miller and Mr. Colley added much to the pleasure of the evening by rendering some very pretty vocal duets.

After the play on Thursday night, the participants went to the Club House, where a nice supper was served.

Though it is a laborious task to prepare entertainments of this kind, and one that does not seem to be adequately rewarded, it is to be hoped that the talent that has been shown will be again exhibited in the not distant future.

MURDERED IN A FREIGHT CAR.

A boy aged probably 13 or 14 years, was found dead in a box car on the Pennsylvania Railroad at Williamsport, Saturday afternoon. He was undoubtedly murdered as a coupling pin found within a few inches of his head was spotted with blood. The authorities of that city are making every possible effort to establish the identity of the unfortunate young man. Thus far their efforts have been unsuccessful. Numerous inquiries have been received by telegraph from different parts of the country asking for a description of the boy.

The railroad authorities have traced the movements of the car in which the body was found, and it is their opinion that the murder was committed at Harrisburg, although there is no evidence to substantiate their theory.

The chief police of Williamsport believes the deed was committed by two men, one of which had the fingers of his right hand cut off and the other had his eye bandaged. He requests the police of surrounding towns to be on the lookout for the two men.

Shamokin's Enterprise.

Shamokin has secured the promise of the location of a silk mill at that place which will employ over 500 hands, when in full operation. Representatives of the three banks have decided to lift about half the bonds, $50,000 being needed. The Shamokin Herald says: The machinery for the new shirt factory is here and will be placed in position at the old knob factory next week. About 74 hands will be given employment at the start and it is believed that ere long this number will be doubled.

WERE YOU HERE LAST WEEK?

The town was thronged with strangers, nearby neighbors and friends the past week; a great many buyers and some visitors. This store was a busy place indeed, and that our efforts at value giving were appreciated was plainly evident. The Men and Boys' Suits was a busy part of the store, in fact so busy that our buyer left Tuesday for the different clothing markets, and by Saturday entirely new things will be shown. The Children's Suit Novelties, such as Fauntleroy, Vestee. Junior, Blouse and Reefer Suits for Youngsters, age 3 to 8, also suffered, therefore look for entirely new things in this department.

New Reefers for Children

in Chinchilla, Astracken, Lambs' Wool, etc., made (3 to 8) with large sailor collar, Braided, from 9 to 15 with plain velvet collar or large storm collar. Entire new lines will be shown Saturday, starting at $1.75 for a Splendid Reefer and running by easy stages to $6.00.

Men and Boys' Overcoats,

Blacks, Blues, Brown, Gray and Tans in all sizes, made plain or with fancy linings; starting at $3 98 and up to $20.00.

Storm Coats Ready, $5 to $20.

We place on sale next week the above new shapes in Collars. They are strictly correct and Up-To-Date. Made and introduced by Cluett, Coon & Co., and sold throughout the United States.

GIDDING & CO.,

Two doors below Post Office. **Nearly Opposite Court House.**

Mrs. F. J. Richards Dead.

Mrs. Fred J. Richards died at her home on Normal Hill Sunday evening. It was nearly seven o'clock, when, surrounded by her family, her spirit took its flight to the great beyond. The deceased had only been sick for a few days. Doctors did everything in their power, but without avail. Her death was due to heart trouble. Her immediate survivors are her husband, Fred J. Richards, member of the Town Council, and three children—Catharine, Jennie and Julia. Mrs Richards had an exceedingly large circle of friends. She was a most estimable lady and many who had learned to love her will mourn her death.

The funeral took place yesterday afternoon at two o'clock, conducted by Rev. B. C. Conner, of the Methodist Church. Interment was made in Rosemont Cemetery.

Miss Goldsmith's Success.

At the recent Bloomsburg Fair prizes were awarded to those presenting the most finished and artistic oil paintings. Artists throughout the region entered the competition. We publish with great pride the name of one of the winners, one of the town's most estimable young ladies, in the person of Miss Helen Goldsmith, who had entered the contest, and who has just received the intelligence that she was one of the successful contestants. The picture which she presented is entitled "Wide Awake," and consists of the heads of six small children, all wearing different expressions. The picture is certainly a difficult one to present and one which required skill to execute.—Mt. Carmel *Item*.

Always be Honest with the People.

In business, in politics and in all things, it is best to be square, honest, truthful and sincere. The demagogue and the trickster, the political jockey and the Janus faced pie-hunter, can only stay on top a short time. The end of all such men is worse than the beginning. The truth is mighty and will prevail. In the end right will come out on top. Every deceiver will be known and every jackass will have his ears exposed.—*Ex.*

HOUSES ROBBED,

While attending the fair last week, thieves broke into three different houses and stole a considerable amount of money beside many articles of clothing. Thomas Webb's house was robbed of a lot of clothing. At the house of Alvin Smith, they secured $30 and a gold watch, and Alonzo Kressler had upwards of $16 stolen. An attempt was made to break into several other houses, but the robbers were frightened away before having sufficient to accomplish their purpose. The whole town was running over with tramps, dead beats and suspicious looking characters.

The Truant Officer.

An act approved on the 12th of July last amends the act of the Legislature approved May 16th, 1895 by making the selection by School Boards of cities of an attendance or truant officer mandatory. The third section of the old act left it optional with School Boards in this language: "If deemed necessary for the provisions of this act, boards of school districts or school controllers in cities, boroughs of townships may employ one or more persons to be known as attendance officers, whose duty it shall be, etc. This section as amended provides that "Boards of School Directors or School Controllers shall in cities, and may in boroughs and townships, employ one or more persons to be known as attendance officers, who shall have full power and whose duty it shall be to look after, arrest, apprehend and place in parental relation, or the Board of Directors or Controllers may designate truants and others who fail to attend school.

Pedestrian Rights.

Those who ride in buggies, on bicycles or any vehicle should always remember that in crossing a street or highway the person on foot has the right of way. The law says so, and if you injure a pedestrian by careless riding or driving you are responsible. No one is required to run across a street to keep out of the way of bicycles or vehicles. The riders are the ones to look out for a clear track.

Get your job work done at the COLUMBIAN office.

BITTER AND SWEET.

The apple that grows highest is the best
upon the tree;
The rose that is most fragrant always
has the sharpest thorn;
The pearl that is the purest lies within
the deepest sea,
And the deeds that live the longest are
of hardest efforts born!

The love that's won to lightly is not
treasured as a gem;
The words that flow too freely never
have the greatest weight;
Man appreciates his blessings if he has
to strive for them,
But he never knows their value if
they're pased up on a plate.
—Cleveland Leader.

THE WRONG MAN.

CHAPTER I.

An exclamation—a horrified scream—and Nellie Joyce started back with a bright blush, wishing that the earth would swallow her up then and there, while before her, like a culprit, stood an astonished young men.

"Good heavens! I thought—" and then Nellie stopped short, suddenly realizing how impossible it was to explain to this stranger that it was for another man those kisses had been intended.

"I am the wrong man, I perceive. You have mistaken me probably for my brother," he remarked, with a gravity that was highly commendable under the circumstances, and thinking in his own mind what a lucky fellow was Dick.

Nellie made a frantic effort to recover her lost dignity, but merely succeeded in appearing what she was—a horribly embarrassed little girl.

"You—you should have stopped me in time," she began, reproach peeping from her violet eyes, and then she tried to glare at the wretch, as she saw that his gray ones were twinkling.

"I apologize; but you see you took me by surprise—and when I realized that I was the victim of a blunder, it was too late—the—the mischief had already been done."

Nellie drew herself up to her full height, which, to tell the truth, was nothing very startling, and regarded the culprit with what she intended for chilling hauteur.

Jack Vereker looked down at the winsome face, at the long-lashed Irish eyes, and the rosebud of a mouth, the sweet, soft lips that just now had pressed his, and he wished it were possible to obey her. He was no "lady's man"—into his lonely life woman did not enter—and he had not known till now the thrilling power of a kiss.

"Your wishes are commands," he declared, with a curious look in his expressive gray eyes, "and now permit me to introduce myself and explain my presence here. I am Jack Vereker, and have just come from London to see my brother on business, and failing to find him at his hotel came on here, where they told me I should be certain to see him."

"He was to have been here now," said Nellie, struggling with the shyness which was fast overpowering her. "I am Nellie Joyce, Mr. Joyce's granddaughter."

"So I presumed—and now, Miss Nellie, will you not shake hands with me on the strength of our future relationship."

Nellie was furious with herself, for the color which in spite of her efforts to look cool would persist in invading her cheeks; yet was she not accustomed by this time to being pointed out as Dick Vereker's fiancee?

"I see no necessity for doing so," she answered, taking refuge in an attitude of defiance, and telling herself that she hated this man, "for I am quite sure we shall never be friends."

"And why not—what have I done?"

"You know what—" and then again she stopped short, for the curious smile on his lips and the odd look in his eyes were things that could no longer be ignored.

"But I must ask you to remind me what I have done—my memory has become a perfect blank."

Nellie flashed a swift, wrathful look on him—then she turned and fled ignominiously—and in the seclusion of her bedroom sat down to think over the situation.

What a wretch he was, to be sure—a nasty, conceited—well, no—he didn't look conceited exactly—and then she wondered what Dick would say when he heard of it—as hear of it, of course, he would.

Reflections of this kind were no longer endurable; so, changing their nature, Nellie bounded to her feet and carefully inspected herself in the mirror to see if her hair was "tidy."

It was not, of course—being of that rebellious order of chevalure which laughs at combs and brushes—yet for all that those latter reflections gave her more comfort than the others, and she congratulated herself on having had on her "pale blue."

"It was so necessary to create a favorable impression at first, she told herself gravely, for when one was about to enter a family in the aggressive capacity of anything—at all in law—first impressions were distinctly valuable.

"My dear Nell," exclaimed Dick an hour later, as the young lady entered her grandmother's private sitting room downstairs. "I have been waiting for you for nearly an age, and my brother here—Jack, Miss Nellie Joyce—had made up his mind that you must belong to the race of myths."

"Indeed," said Nellie, with a cold bow in the direction of the tall figure in the background, and wondering why she had never before noticed what a provokingly complacent smile her fiance's was. "But you know you were to have been here at half past four," and then she sat down on a stool at her grandmother's feet.

"Dick, will you ring for tea?" smiled the old lady, softly stroking her darling's curly head, and then, turning to the silent figure on the hearth rug, observed that she had never seen so extraordinary a likeness before between brothers.

It appeared to Nellie that Dick seemed anxious to change the subject, but when Grannie was once launched on a topic it was not easy to arrest her, and presently she was giving her opinion on the mysterious tie existing between twins, and the wonderful love they had for each other—Dick endeavoring, meanwhile, to enter into a half-whispered conversation with his fiancee, an endeavor that was distinctly a failure.

"And how long are you going to remain in Rostrevor?" asked the old lady at last, smilingly looking at Jack, as he turned over some prints on a table. "The season here, if there is a season, is almost over."

Jack glanced at his brother before replying, and it was Dick then who answered for him, simply remarking that an hour's stay ought to be sufficient, if it was business that had brought him there.

Nellie looked from one to the other, and wondered at the uneasy expression on the face of her fiancee—wondered still more why she had ever thought him good looking.

CHAPTER II.

Whatever the nature of Jack Vereker's business at Rostrevor, it was not finished quite as soon as Dick appeared to think it would be, for two weeks passed and he was still at the quiet resort. Mrs. Joyce was hospitality itself, constantly inviting the two brothers to luncheon and dinner at the little hotel where she had put up, but Jack seldom made his appearance.

It was evident to Nellie that it was she whom he avoided, and considering her hatred of him, it was strange how indignant she was at the thought.

His eyes haunted her continually; she found herself perpetually longing to bring that look to his face that it had worn when she told him to "forget," and then she was always comparing him, unconsciously, with his brother—a comparison in which, strange to relate, it was her fiance that suffered.

"Jack is coming to-night to say good-by," remarked Dick one evening at dinner, and Nellie was certain there was relief on his face, but she allowed her grandmother to say the necessary polite things, and only longed for the meal to be over.

It was easier far, she told herself, to climb to Rostrevor Stone in the gathering darkness than to meet the gaze of those gray eyes; easier the stiffest ascent than to utter a formal good-by to the man who had shown her her own heart!

She was engaged to Dick, and Dick was Grannie's favorite ,and the Joyces never broke faith—but she must be away when Jack came to-night.

Rostrevor Stone is more easily climbed in broad daylight than in the dusk of a late autumn evening, and presently Nellie, whose thoughts were far distant, found herself embracing Mother Earth.

Her fall, coming so unexpectedly, together with the intense loneliness of the scene, caused her to close her eyes for a moment, and then—then a most wonderful thing happened. Strong arms were suddenly placed round her, her auburn head was pillowed on a broad chest, and in a tone of ineffable tenderness a voice whispered in her ear three little words—but three words which made all the world seem glorified.

"My little girl," it was all he said, but Nellie lay still with closed eyes, wondering could heaven hold greater rapture than this.

"Jack," the violet eyes opened, and reminded him of his treachery to his brother, and the next moment the two stood facing each other in the dusk, and an anguished cry burst from him.

"God forgive me—I never meant you to know," looking into the sweet young face which now reflected his own misery, "but I am going away, and I forgot myself."

"It was not your fault," she murmured, while despite the pain of the awakening there thrilled through her the exquisite delight of loving and being loved, "but take me home now to Grannie and do as I shall try to do—forget."

"It is the second time you have told me to do so—then as now, I am the wrong man—it is the rate of the life of some."

"Life is wrong, I think," she cried, struggling for a moment against temptation to be true to her heart at all costs, "but here—let us go home. I am tired."

"Have you heard the latest?" exclaimed one gossip to another six months later; "you know the firm of Vereker & Co.; well, it turns out that one of the nephews of the head of the firm—Dick Vereker—has been for months defrauding his uncle, and trying to put it all down to his brother Jack's account, taking advantage of the likeness between them. The fellow was engaged to a pretty heiress in Ireland, and thought to have got her before anything was found out but the bomb was burst and everything is known."

"And the girl is heartbroken of course?"

"By no means for this morning her marriage is in the papers; she has consoled herself with the brother."

"Just the way of women all the world over" is the sententious remark of the man about town, but under a clear starry sky on the veranda of a foreign hotel, a violet-eyed girl is murmuring to her husband, as he bends fondly over her slight form: "Not the wrong man this time, Jack, thank God."—The Daughter.

Florida Palmetto Trees.

It is a well-known fact that some trees live to a great age, the oak, elm, cedar, hickory, etc., but the palmetto trees of the South, and particularly those along the Indian River, Fla. are really a curiosity for their long life. The older trees are gracefully straight about forty or fifty feet high, having a diameter of eight to ten inches, and so smooth that they look as if they had been shaved with a carpenter's drawknife up to about three feet of the green spreading fan leaves, which form a top without a single branch. They are from three to five hundred years old, according to their height, and are so tough that they will bend almost to the ground in a gale of wind, then spring back to their normal position again. A curious fact about the "cabbage palmetto," as it is called, is that it grows only from the top, having a cabbage-like head which, when young, is a palatable food for man or beast, and if a rifle ball were to penetrate the centre of it, the tree would die. Any amount of hacking or girdling may be done to the trunk, however, without injury to the tree.

HOW INSECTS BREATHE.

It is Necessary for the Horticulturist to Know How to Combat Them.

A knowledge of how insects breathe and feed is necessary to the horticulturist in devising methods to combat them. They do not breathe by means of lungs as do the higher order of animals, but through minute openings called spiracles, that are scattered over various parts of the body. From these openings there run minute tubes that carry the air inside to the blood. Not only in the manner in which they take air different, but the substances they breathe may affect them readily when they would not affect animals having lungs. It is for this reason that pyrethrum or insect powder so readily affects insects, while they are perfectly harmless to man. It is not the dust that affects the insect, but some principle in the oil that probably attacks the nervous system, as it throws the insects into spasms as soon as it is breathed. Hellebore affects insects in the same way, although not so severely.

Insects secure their food either by chewing or sucking. Those that chew their food do so in very much the same way that man does, except that their jaws move sideways instead of up and down. The greater number of insects belong to the chewing class. The caterpillars are of this class, as well as all beetles and the curculio, and, also, grasshoppers, locusts and crickets. For these chewing insects, poison is employed, placing it on the parts of the plant on which they feed. They then soon eat enough to kill them. Of the poisons the arsenites are best whenever they can be applied without danger to man. Hellebore is also used, but it is milder in its effects than the arsenites.

Insects that feed by suchking are not so numerous, but are more difficult to destroy. The arsenites have no effect upon this class. We, therefore, resort to methods which a knowledge of the breathing habits of the insects gives, and kill them by bringing some substance in contact with them that will either enter the circulation through the breathing spiracles, such as pyrethrum, or use kerosene emulsion or some similar preparation that will stop the spiracles and thus suffocate the insect. It is on this latter principle with oils. In all remedies of this class, there must be a direct contact with the insect, and it is because of the difficulty of covering the insect with the remedy perfectly hat insecticides of this class fail more frequently than the arsenites do with those that chew.—Live Stock Indicator.

Coldest Country.

Symon's monthly Meteorological Magazine gives an interesting account of "Life in the Coldest Country in the World," which has been taken from the bulletin of the Royal Geographical society of Irkutsk. The name of the place is Werchojansk, in Siberia, longitude 133 degrees 51 minutes east, latitude 67 degrees 34 minutes north, where the lowest temperature of minus 90 degrees Fahrenheit has been observed, and the mean of January is minus 48 degrees Fahrenheit. It is inhabited by about 10,500 persons of the Jakut and Lamat races.

In the large part of this region, according to Prof. Kovalik, the air is so dry and the winds are so rare that the intensity of the cold cannot be fully realized. In the most distant part of the east there are sometimes terrible storms, which are most fatal to life in their consequences. During the summer time the temperature occasionally rises to 86 degrees Fahrenheit in the shade, while it freezes at night. The latter part of the season is often marked by copious rains and extensive inundations, which invariably lay waste a vast acreage of land and prove to be a serious obstacle to the cultivation of the soil. Vegetation is very scanty. There are practically no trees—only wide, open meadows. The people hunt fur-bearing animals. It requires about eight cows to support a family, four being milked in the summer and two in the winter. Occasionally they are allowed to go out when there is the slightest break in the weather, but their teats are always carefully covered up. Milk is the principal food. This is sometimes supplemented with hares, which are quite abandant, but not very relishable.

The houses are constructed of wood covered with clay, and as a rule consist of only one room, in which the people and animals live together. The upper and wealthier class are better provided with lodging and food. As a race they are exceedingly courteous and very hospitable, and they are excessively punctilious concerning points of honor, such as the place at the table and the proper place at festivals.

Legs Lost in Battle.

"I can tell almost to a certainty to which branch of the service he belonged when I see an old soldier stalking around on one leg," said Colonel Lamar Fontaine of Mississippi, the famous Confederate scout and poet. "If the left leg is missing them I am pretty certain he belonged to the infantry; and if he is minus the right leg, then I feel safe in betting that he was a cavalryman. In either case, the absence of the leg proves more conclusively than the written record that the man who lost it was fighting like a soldier when wounded.

"The reason the infantrymen loss the left leg in battle is this: Infantrymen are drilled to place the left foot forward when firing, in order to balance the body, so that steadier aim can be taken. This naturally acts as a protection to the right leg, which, of course, is more or less concealed. Consequently, the bullet of the enemy is much more apt to find lodgment in the left leg than the right. Now, the cavalryman uses a pistol nearly altogether. It is handier and less cumbersome. The pistol is held in the right hand, and this causes the cavalryman when firing to place his right foot forward for support. In this way that side of him is much more likely to suffer than the left. But, as I said, either case is conclusive evidence to me that the soldiers thus maimed were facing the enemy when shot. The loss of the leg indicates almost to a certainty that the sufferer was standing in military position, and not crouching or running."

Over Studied.

A YOUNG LADY'S HEALTH RUINED PREPARING FOR GRADUATION.

Was Over-ambitious and Went Beyond Her Strength. Constant Pain and Misery—Her Critical Condition.

From the Democrat, Shelbyville, Ind.

In one of the main streets of Shelbyville, Indiana, resides Mrs. Emily Edwards and her seventeen year old daughter, Cora. The young lady is one of the charming misses of the city, she being known for her beauty, and perfect health.

"Although enjoying good health now," said her mother to a reporter recently, "she has not always been so fortunate. I suppose Cora, until two years ago last March, was as healthy and strong as any girl of her age. She was attending school and was studying hard. Perhaps she was too studious, for we noticed that the healthy color in her cheek was rapidly disappearing, and she was becoming pale and sallow. Dark, swollen circles began to appear under her eyes, and she rapidly became worse. We were living in Franklin, Indiana, at the time, and Cora would have graduated that Spring. She stopped attending school and endeavored to get a rest, but her health kept failing. Her blood was colorless and impure. She would also have sick headache, could scarcely eat or sleep, and was almost continually in pain. Nothing which we did for her seemed to do any good.

"Different physicians treated and prescribed for her, but she kept getting worse. She had formerly weighed 109 pounds, but during her illness her weight had dwindled down to 79 pounds. We began to think there was nothing we could do for her benefit, when I happened to notice an article in a paper regarding the merits of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People. I thought that if there was ever a pale person it was certainly Cora, so I decided to buy a box of the pills and let her try them. It was the first of last May when she began, and near the middle of June when she stopped using the pills. The first dose helped her, and after the first box had been taken, she was a different girl. She continued with this medicine and when she had taken eight boxes a complete cure had been effected.

She is now stronger, can eat more, sleeps better, and weighs more than she did before she was taken sick. I am sure too much cannot be said about Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People in her case, as they undoubtedly saved her life. We have recommended them to a number of sufferers."

The young lady, said a word of approval, and that she felt very grateful for the benefit received through Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People. "I agree with my mother," said she, "that I would not be living to-day had I not used these pills."

To leave no doubt as to the truthfulness of her story Mrs. Edwards cheerfully made the following affidavit:

SHELBYVILLE, IND., May 13, 1897.

This is to certify that the above story concerning the illness and subsequent recovery of my daughter, Cora, is an exact and truthful representation of the facts in her case.

MRS. EMILY EDWARDS.

SHELBYVILLE, IND., May 13, 1897.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this 12th day of May, 1897.

L. C. MAY, *Notary Public.*

Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People contain all the elements necessary to give new life and richness to the blood and restore shattered nerves. They are sold in boxes (never in loose form, by the dozen or hundred) at 50 cents a box, or six boxes for $2.50, and may be had of all druggists or directly by mail from Dr. Williams' Medicine Company, Schenectady, N. Y.

CANDY CATHARTIC
Cascarets
CURE CONSTIPATION
REGULATE THE LIVER
10¢ 25¢ 50¢
ALL DRUGGISTS
ABSOLUTELY GUARANTEED to cure any case of constipation. Cascarets are the Ideal Laxative, never grip or gripe, but cause easy natural results. Sample and booklet free. Ad. STERLING REMEDY CO., Chicago, Montreal, Can., or New York. 217.6

"If at first you don't succeed," try
SAPOLIO

STOVE NAPTHA, the Cheapest and Best Fuel on the market. With it you can run a Vapor Stove for one-half cent per hour. Give us a call and be convinced.

W. O. Holmes, Bloomsburg, Pa.
Eshleman & Wolf, "
L. E. Wharey, "
W. F. Hartman, "

Resolutions of Condolence on the Death of M. L. McHenry.

WHEREAS, it has pleased Almighty God to remove from our midst by death comrade M. L. McHenry, an honored and respected member of Columbia County's Veteran Association. Therefore be it

Resolved, that in the death of Com. McHenry the Association has lost an honored member, the family a good husband and father, and the town of Berwick a good citizen, a brave soldier and a soldiers' friend. Com. McHenry enlisted in Co. B 210 R. G. T. P. V., Sept. 25th, 1864; discharged May 15th, 1865, by order of the War Dept. Died June 9th, 1897; age 65 years.

He was a charter member of Columbia County's Veteran Association, and be it further

Resolved, that while bowing in humble submission to His divine will, we fully appreciate and deplore our loss, and most sincerely sympathize with the family in their affliction.

In memory of our beloved comrade be it further

Resolved, that these resolutions be spread upon the minutes of our Association, and the same be published in Columbia County's papers and a copy thereof be sent to the family of the deceased who reside at Berwick, Pa.

J. C. HAYMAN,
A. D. SEELY, } Com.
O. H. BARNARD

Sleep, comrade, sleep and rest
On the field of the grounded arms,
Where foes no more molest,
Nor sentrys' shots alarm.

Your silent tent of green
We deck with fragrant flowers.
Yours has the suffering been;
The memory shall be ours.

Diseases often lurk in the blood before they openly manifest themselves. Therefore keep the blood pure with Hood's Sarsaparilla.

Sheriff Martin's Statement.

Sheriff Martin was seen at Wilkesbarre in relation to the demand made upon him by the State Department at Washington for the facts in the Lattimer shooting. He said: "I will not have my statement ready before Saturday, and then I shall send it to Governor Hastings for transmission to Washington. I shall collect the affidavits of prominent citizens of Hazleton and vicinity who know what trouble I had contending with the strikers three days before the shooting occurred. I am confident that a careful investigation of the Lattimer affair will show that the United States Government is in no way responsible for the loss of life."

Try Grain-O! Try Grain-O!

Ask your Grocer to-day to show you a package of GRAIN-O, the new food drink that takes the place of coffee. The children may drink it without injury as well as an adult. All who try it, like it. GRAIN-O has that rich seal brown of Mocha or Java, but it is made from pure grains, and the most delicate stomach receives it without distress. ¼ the price of coffee. 15c. and 25c. per package. Sold by all grocers. 10-14 4td.

Put This One in Pickle.

Fish and snake stories are not in it any more. A report comes from Center county that a man down that way went out in his garden not long ago, planted a cucumber seed and started on a run for the house, but before he could get out of the garden the cucumber vines overtook him, wound around his legs and threw him down; he ran his hand in his pocket to get his knife and pulled out a cucumber six inches long. Next?

When bilious or costive, eat a Cascaret, candy catharic, cure guaranteed, 10c, 25c. 4-1-1.

Fine PHOTOGRAPHS and CRAYONS at McKillip Bros., Bloomsburg. The best are the cheapest.

THE MARKETS.

BLOOMSBURG MARKETS.

CORRECTED WEEKLY. RETAIL PRICES.

Butter per lb	$ .20
Eggs per dozen	.22
Lard per lb	.07
Ham per pound	.09
Pork, whole, per pound	.06
Beef, quarter, per pound	.07
Wheat per bushel	1 00
Oats " "	30
Rye " "	50
Wheat flour per bbl	5.40 to 6.00
Hay per ton	12 to $14
Potatoes per bushel, new	.70
Turnips " "	.25
Onions " "	.65
Sweet potatoes per peck	.20
Tallow per lb	.05
Shoulder " "	.08
Side meat " "	.08
Vinegar, per qt	.05
Dried apples per lb	.05
Dried cherries, pitted	.12
Raspberries	.12
Cow Hides per lb	.3½
Steer " " "	.05
Calf Skin	.80
Sheep pelts	.75
Shelled corn per bus	.50
Corn meal, cwt	1.50
Bran, "	.85
Chop "	1.00
Middlings "	.85
Chickens per lb new	.08
" " old	.09
Turkeys " "	.12½
Geese " "	.14
Ducks " "	.08

COAL.

No. 6, delivered	2.60
" 4 and 5 "	3.85
" 6 at yard	2.35
" 4 and 5 at yard	3.60

The Leading Conservatory of America
CARL FARLTEN, Director.
Founded in 1853 by E. Tourjée.
NEW ENGLAND CONSERVATORY OF MUSIC. BOSTON, MASS.
FRANKLIN Sq.
Send for Prospectus giving full information.
FRANK W. HALE, General Manager.

NEW DINING ROOMS.

A LARGE and well furnished dining room has been opened by HARRY AURAND, on the second floor of his restaurant. Meals will be served at the regular dining hours for 25c. and they can also be obtained at any time. The table will be supplied with the delicacies of the season and the service will be first-class.

Entrance by door between Restaurant an Malfaiera's grocery store.

PATENTS

Caveats and Trade Marks obtained, and all Patent business conducted for MODERATE FEES.

OUR OFFICE IS OPPOSITE THE U. S. PATENT OFFICE. We have no sub-agencies, all business direct, hence can transact patent business in less time and at Less Cost than those remote from Washington.

Send model, drawing or photo, with description. We advise if patentable or not, free of charge. Our fee not due till patent is secured. A book, "How to Obtain Patents," with references to actual clients in your State, County, or town sent free. Address

C. A. SNOW & CO., Washington, D. C.
(Opposite U. S Patent Office.)

EXCHANGE HOTEL,
G. SNYDER, Proprietor
(Opposite the Court House)
BLOOMSBURG, PA.

Large and convenient sample rooms. Bath rooms, hot and cold water, and all modern conveniences

15 WOMEN WANTED for traveling position with old established firm. Permanent. Pay $18 a week and all expenses. P. W. ZIEGLER & CO., 251 Locust St., Phila., Pa. 10-14-4td

WRIGHT'S INDIAN VEGETABLE PILLS
For all Bilious and Nervous Diseases. They purify the Blood and give Healthy action to the entire system.
Cure DYSPEPSIA, HEADACHE, CONSTIPATION and PIMPLES.
5-27 6m.

WASHINGTON.

From our Regular Correspondent.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 15, 1897.

"What have you got to do with Cuba, anyhow." That is the plain English of the courteously worded reply of the new Spanish ministry to Mr. McKinley's Quixotic mediation proposition, which was used to prevent Congress taking action at the last session that would have brought peace in Cuba long before now. Having had one cheek diplomatically slapped by Spain, it now remains to be seen whether Mr. McKinley will turn the other cheek for another slap, or will rise to the occasion by promptly recognizing the independence of Cuba, or even the belligerence of the Cubans. Present talk in administration circles indicates that the other cheek will be turned to the Spaniards. The opinion is growing that Congress will have to compel Mr. McKinley to do the right thing by Cuba.

As though Mr. McKinley did not have enough troubles of his own, the two factions of Virginia republicans have swooped down upon him with the demand that he umpire their dispute.

After a series of false alarms covering a period of more than ten years, during which he has been eligible for retirement, it seems that Justice Field of the U. S. Supreme Court is going to retire sure enough this time. Attorney General McKenna is slated to succeed him, and a Cabinet shake-up is expected at the same time, which it is said may land "Teddy" Roosevelt in the Cabinet as Secretary of the Navy and bring about other changes of more or less importance.

Attorney General Terrell, of Georgia, who is in Washington on business before the U. S. Supreme Court is somewhat indignant at the misrepresentations which have been made of the shooting of the negro postmaster at Hogansville. He said: "A great injustice has been done to one of the best and most substantial towns in our state. The report of the Post Office inspectors will bear out my declaration that there was absolutely no evidence of any deep-seated plot on the part of the citizens of Hogansville to remove Loftin. There isn't a spark of evidence to show whether he was shot by a white man or a negro. At any rate, there was no conspiracy among the prominent citizens of the town, as some of the papers put it, and all such reports are unfounded aspersions on a good people. I know the citizens there, and there isn't a better community in any state in the Union. A whole town should not be made to suffer for the deed of one miscreant. The State officers are as anxious as the Federal authorities to bring the guilty party to punishment. and every means of detection is being used to that end."

Mr. McKinley is almost in a state of panic on account of his private advices from Ohio. Boss Hanna with all his egotism has become alarmed at the indifference of so many men who have heretofore been the most enthusiastic workers in every rebublican campaign; he fears the indifference will last until election day and that it will keep thousands of republicans away from the polls, and he has communicated his fears to Mr. McKinley, who is now trying to devise some scheme to arouse a little enthusiasm among the Foraker republicans of Ohio. Ex-Congressman Layton, of Ohio, who although a democrat is not taking any active part in the campaign because of his pressing legal engagements, has been telling his Washington friends that the Ohio democrats have an excellent chance to win, if they can only succeed in getting out a full vote. He is confident that the republican stay-at-home vote will reach away up in the thousands, and is afraid that the same cause may largely reduce the democratic vote. He says he never saw such apathy among rural voters in a Ohio campaign as exists at this time.

Consul General Lee was in Washington this week preparing for his return to Cuba next week. He had a conference with Mr. McKinley and several with Assistant Secretary Day, but did not meet Secretary Sherman at all. Still there are persons who object to the assertion that Mr. Sherman has nothing whatever to do with the relations of this government with Spain and Cuba, calling it "preposterous" etc. It would be preposterous for a man who has been in Washington during the last six months, and kept his eyes open, to claim to believe that Mr. Sherman has had anything whatever to do with either Spanish or Cuban matters. The opinion is prevalent in Washington that Mr. Sherman will be froze out of the Cabinet before the first of the year. A personal friend of General Lee is authority for the statement that he will return to Virginia in the Spring and begin an active personal canvass for election to the U. S. Senate, to succeed Senator Martin.

Clouds have been heretofore considered as presaging a change in the weather. Now, however, kites instead of clouds will apparently be employed to tell us what the weather is to be. Eddy, at Bayonne, N. J., the professors at Blue Hill observatory, Boston, and attaches of the United States signal service have been experimenting with the flight of kites into the upper regions to determine the temperature. A kite with a thermemeter attached to it was lately sent up into the air almost half a mile by Mr. Eddy. When such a kite is drawn back to earth, the temperature registered by its thermometer is a true prognostic of the temperature to be expected on the earth's surface within the next 48 hours. This is Mr. Eddy's theory, which he believes he has verified.

Deafness Cannot be Cured

by local applications as they cannot reach the diseased portion of the ear. There is only one way to cure deafness, and that is by constitutional remedies. Deafness is caused by an inflamed condition of the mucous lining of the Eustachian Tube. When this tube is inflamed you have a rumbling sound or imperfect hearing, and when it is entirely closed, Deafness is the result, and unless the inflammation can be taken out and this tube restored to its normal condition, hearing will be destroyed forever; nine cases out of ten are caused by Catarrh, which is nothing but an inflamed condition of the mucous surfaces.

We will give One Hundred Dollars for any case of Deafness (caused by catarrh) that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure. Send for circulars; free.

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O.

Sold by Druggists, 75c.

Hall's Family Pills are the best. 1m

Held His Wife and Shot Her.

With the Woman's Head Under One Arm Gillam Fired.

Samuel Gillam, a resident of Phillipsburg, who left his wife some time ago, returned Saturday, and, meeting her at the Pennsylvania Railroad station, asked her to walk back of the station with him.

She refused to do so, and in the presence of a crowd of people, he caught her by the head with one hand. Then, drawing her head close to him, with the other hand he pulled a pistol from his pocket and shot her through the head, inflicting a wound which, it is believed, will prove fatal.

We live in a country of which the principal scourge is stomach trouble.

It is more wide-spread than any other disease, and, very nearly, more dangerous.

One thing that makes it so dangerous is that it is so little understood.

If it were better understood, it would be more feared, more easily cured, less universal than it is now.

So, those who wish to be cured, take Shaker Digestive Cordial, because it goes to the root of the trouble as no other medicine does. The pure, harmless, curative herbs and plants, of which it is composed, are what render it so certain and, at the same time, so gentle a cure.

It helps and strengthens the stomach, purifies and tones up the system.

Sold by druggists, price 10 cents to $1.00 per bottle.

The opening up of the wonderful gold mines of the Klondike will stimulate the languishing agricultural industry of our northwest as nothing has yet been able to do. The history of our own mining boom cities will be repeated in Alaska and in the Klondike region. The vast quantities of precious metal causes thousands of people to rush to the mines. They must be fed, housed, clothed and in time controlled. Municipal governments will very quickly spring up. Towns will be laid out, citizens will be organized into leagues; churches and places of amusement will be required. In one year's time as much progress will be made in civilization's ways as would naturally be accomplished in ten years. In a night towns and cities will spring up and soon a railroad will be built. Meat and grain products from our northwest will be in such demand that the supply will not at first be equal to it. The market is more convenient for our northwestern states than that of Europe and there will be no competition at all except from Canada, and in this we are all one. Canada and American farmers ought to pay all their debts and get rich in the next few years.

WITHOUT A PEER.—WORKS MIRACLES.—Dr. Agnew's Cure for the Heart is without a peer. This great remedy relieves instantly the most aggravated and distressing forms of heart disease. It is the surest and quickest acting formula for heart trouble known to medical science and thousand of times has the hand of the grin destroyer been stayed by its use. If there is Palpitation, Shortness of Breath, Pain in Left Side, Smothering Sensations, don't delay or you may be counted in the long list of those who have gone over to the great majority, because the best remedy in the world to-day was not promptly used.—17.

Sold by C. A. Kleim.

THIS AND THAT.

In Germany the authorities tax a dog according to its size.

A Jewish proverb, "Commit a sin twice, and you will think its perfectly allowable."

All animals need plenty of good shade and water as well as good feed these hot days.

Why is fashionable society like a warming pan? Because it is highly polished, but very hollow.

With no kissing games and no dancing at picnics, the cause of religion seems likely to get a bad setback.

It is said that forty-two different species of birds are represented in the plumage that adorns women's hats.

Switzerland's National Council has voted unanimously to make insurance against accident and sickness compulsory on all citizens.

The yak, or grunting ox of Thibet, takes its name from the peculiar sound it emits whenever excited or irritated. It has a tail like that of a horse.

They used to say that the presence of a dog in the family was a sure sign of poverty. For "dog" now read "bicycle."

The shortness of life is bound up with its fulness," said Phillips Brooks. "Strip a life empty, and it will seem long enough."

In a recent suit in Maine an item in the offset account was "for loafing in defendant's shop, at the rate of fifty dollars per annum."

The depth of water has a considerable influence on the speed of steamers, which are found to move more slowly in shallow water.

There is more faith in trusting one poor wretch that has come to grief, than in counting upon all the honest men in the world put together.—Truth.

The daughter of the old-fashioned woman sometimes bore a resemblance to her mother. It is the aim of the up-to-date mother to resemble her daughter.

A colony of two hundred California orange growers is to be established in Mexico, where a large tract of land is to be purchased and planted with orange trees.

"Billy, I don't think I'll stay at this summer hotel much longer." "What's up? Rates too high?" "No, I don't mind the high rates, but the clerk is always nagging me for money."

"You durn old plug," said the farmer to his balky horse, "you actually ain't worth killin' unless," he added, after second thought, "unless I could manage to git you killed by the railroad."

Shanghai is being rapidly changed into a manufacturing town. Cotton factories are springing up in every direction, and the Chinese have the novel experience of smoke and screaming whistles.

The Bishop of London, in a recent address on "Reading," said: "All human knowledge has been gained by the impertinence and pig-headedness of a small number of people who were always asking 'Why?'"

A humorist leaps galy upon the steps of an omnibus, and cries cheerfully to the conductor: "Is the ark full?" "No, sir," replies the jovial conductor, "we have kept a seat for you. What ho! within there! Room for the monkey."

When Queen Victoria's state carriage was taken down to Windsor just before the jubilee day for her approval, she remarked that it was "the most uncomfortable carriage she had ever known in her life." Forthwith it was taken back to London, and the carriage-builders worked all night making alterations to the seat and back, and returned it. Then the Queen expressed herself completely satisfied.

MEN TALKED ABOUT.

Senator Stewart has taken to the bicycle, but no doubt he considers it a bimetallic machine, having two wheels, and therefore a double-standard action.

United States Senator George Frisbie Hoar, of Massachusetts, and Senator Julius C. Burrows, of Michigan, are studying modern Greek with a Turkish tutor in Washington.

The father of the British navy, Admiral of the Fleet the Hon. Sir Henry Keppel, has just celebrated his 88th birthday. Despite his advanced age he still remains on the active list.

Thomas A. Edison, who has Ogden Mounntain, N. Y., lined with wires, is blamed by the neighboring farmers for the numerous thunderstorms which have been raging lately in that vicinity.

Dr. C. A. Stephens, of Norway Lake, Me., who believes that death is only a habit, which will eventually be overcome, is a writer of stories for boys and naturally wants mankind to remain forever young.

Ian Maclaren recently wrote in his third paper on America to the Outlook: "There can be no doubt that the American is magnanimous in the affairs of practical life. If misfortune has befallen a man and he has not played the knave, he is regarded with sympathy, as a soldier wounded in battle."

Silas Hinkley, son of the millionaire president of the Poughkeepsie Electric Railroad Company, is heaving coal as a stoker in the employ of the company at $1.50. He is a Harvard graduate, but took his present position voluntarily in order to learn the business thoroughly.

Professors A. S. Bickmore and D. S. Elmendorf of the Museum of Natural History of New York, are in Colorado securing views to accompany a course of illustrated lectures on Colorado, to be delivered next winter through the State of New York. Naturally, the citizens of Colorado are much pleased at their visit, and are doing everything possible to make it pleasant and successful.

Senator McEnery, of Louisiana, whose support of the protective features of the tariff bill has attracted much attention, is a lawyer, and has been in politics since before the war. He is just 60 years old, and had completed a university education and part of the course at the Annapolis Naval Academy before entering the Confederate army. He has been governor of Louisiana.

Liver Ills

Like biliousness, dyspepsia, headache, constipation, sour stomach, indigestion are promptly cured by Hood's Pills. They do their work

Hood's Pills

easily and thoroughly. Best after dinner pills. 25 cents. All druggists. Prepared by C. I. Hood & Co., Lowell, Mass. The only Pill to take with Hood's Sarsaparilla.

LITERARY NOTES.

The Greatest Ride in History.

A territory of 271,000 square miles, comprising Washington, Idaho and Oregon as they are to-day, was saved to the Union by one man. He had the courage and heroism to ride on muleback for three thousand miles. The ride was shrilling, the trials and hardships marvelous, the result a glorious one. The whole story, beautifully illustrated, will be given in the November issue of *The Ladies' Home Journal*, under the title. "When Dr. Whitman Added Three Stars to Our Flag," the closing and most intensely interesting article in the *Journal's* successful series of "Great Personal Events." The first women to cross the Rockies figure in the story, which proves beyond a doubt that they preceded Fremont, the "Pathfinder," by six years.

The First Thanksgiving Dinner.

The first Thanksgiving dinner was celebrated in this country two hundred and seventy-six years ago, at Plymouth, Massachusetts. The whole American army was present—it numbered twenty men. Miles Standish, the backward lover of Priscilla, sat at the feast, while Priscilla served at the tables. The story will appear in the November issue of *The Ladies' Home Journal*. Here Indians and whites sat down together by the tables set in the woods, and enjoyed the roast turkey, beechnuts, clam chowder, fish, salad, cakes, fruit and other delicacies provided. It was at this historic dinner that the first oysters were served. The illustrations of the article show portraits of the Pilgrim fathers.

FOSSIL PILLS.—The demand is proof of their worth—Dr. Agnew's Liver Pills are beating out many fossil formulas at a quarter a box—They're better medicine—Easier doses and 10 cents a vial. A thousand ailments may arise from a disordered liver. Keep the liver right and you'll not have Sick Headache, Biliousness, Nausea, Constipation, and Sallow Skin.—20.

Sold by C. A. Kleim.

Postal Business for the Past Year.

A Suggestion That Newspapers Be Hereafter Carried Altogether by Mail.

The annual report of W. S. Shallenberger, second assistant postmaster general, made public Saturday, gives an interesting review of the principal developments in the entire transportation service of the United States and connecting foreign mails. It showed an aggregate of appropriation for this large part of the postal service for the current year of $51,041,238; the probable deficiency is $500,000, making the estimated expenditures this year $51,541,238. This will be $1,623,045, or three and one-quarter per cent. more than for the fiscal year just ended.

The estimate for the fiscal year 1899 is $53,337,260, which is $1,796,021 more than the estimated expenditures for the current year. The annual rate of expenditure for the inland mail service in the year just closed was $49,862,074 and for foreign mail service $1,791,170, after deducting $258,029 for intermediary service to foreign countries.

The report takes an important position as to newspaper mail and a plan to make the profits on short hauls offset the long runs. General Shallenberger says:

"There seems to be no good reason why the great bulk of legitimate newspapers carried by the government at great loss to remote places should be permitted to be taken away from the mails by railroad and express companies whenever there is a short haul that would make the carriage of them profitable to them. The carriage of newspapers, packages, etc., by railroad and express companies may have been justified, perhaps, years ago, when the railway mail service was less efficient; but with our present facilities, such as may easily be obtained, I am convinced that the department can and should carry the great bulk of newspaper matter that has been for years withheld from the mails and sent in baggage cars and special express trains."

Just try a 10c. box of Cascarets, the finest liver and bowel regulator ever made. 4 1-1y.

We Manufacture

FROM DISTILLED & FILTERED WATER.

In our storage rooms we hold good for many months Apples, Pears, Grapes, etc. If you have any thing to store, give us a call.

Cold Storage & Artificial Ice Co.

RAILROAD TIME TABLE

DELAWARE, LACKAWANNA & WESTERN RAILROAD.

BLOOMSBURG DIVISION.

STATIONS.	EAST. A.M.	P.M.	A.M.	P.M.
NORTHUMBERLAND	6 25	1.50	10 00	5 50
Cameron	6 38	.....	.....	6 03
Chulasky	.....	.....	.....	6 07
Danville	6 50	2 12	10 21	6 13
Catawissa	7 03	2 26	....	6 28
Rupert	7 09	2 31	10 36	6 33
Bloomsburg	7 15	2 36	10 41	6 39
Espy	7 23	2 42	10 46	6 45
Line Ridge	7 30	2 48	.....	6 52
Willow Grove	7 34	2 52	.....	6 56
Briarcreek	7 38	....	.....	7 00
Berwick	7 48	3 01	11 02	7 06
Beach Haven	7 54	3 07	....	7 12
Hick's Ferry	8 00	3 13	....	7 19
Shickshinny	8 10	3 24	11 21	7 35
Hunlock's	8 20	3 34	....	7 47
Nanticoke	8 27	3 42	11 36	7 54
Avondale	8 32	3 47	.....	7 58
Plymouth	8 37	3 52	11 43	8 03
Plymouth Junction	8 42	3 57	.....	8 07
Kingston	8 50	4 05	11 52	8 12
Bennett	8 53	4 08	.....	8 16
Forty Fort	8 56	4 11	.....	8 19
Wyoming	9 01	4 17	12 00	8 25
West Pittston	9 06	4 22	.....	8 30
Susquehanna Ave	9 10	4 25	12 07	8 33
Pittston	9 15	4 30	12 10	8 39
Duryea	9 19	4 34	.....	8 44
Lackawanna	9 24	4 37	.....	8 48
Taylor	9 32	4 45	....	8 57
Bellevue	9 37	4 50	....	9 02
SCRANTON	9 42	4 55	12 30	9 07

STATIONS.	WEST. A.M.	A.M.	P.M.	P.M.
SCRANTON	6 00	10 20	1 55	6 00
Bellevue	6 05	....	.....	.....
Taylor	6 10	10 28	2 05	6 10
Lackawanna	6 18	10 35	2 13	6 17
Duryea	6 22	10 38	2 16	6 21
Pittston	6 28	10 42	2 20	6 25
Susquehanna Ave	6 32	10 47	2 23	6 28
West Pittston	6 35	10 48	2 27	6 31
Wyoming	6 40	10 53	2 32	6 36
Forty Fort	6 45	....	....	....
Bennett	6 48	11 00	2 39	6 44
Kingston	6 54	11 04	2 45	6 58
Plymouth Junction	6 59	....	2 5	.....
Plymouth	7 04	11 12	2 14	7 05
Avondale	7 09	....	2 58	7 17
Nanticoke	7 14	11 20	3 04	7 14
Hunlock's	7 20	11 30	3 10	7 20
Shickshinny	7 31	11 40	3 24	7 35
Hick's Ferry	7 44	11 50	3 35	7 47
Beach Haven	7 54	11 55	3 42	7 56
Berwick	8 00	12 00	3 49	8 0
Briarcreek	8 06	....	3 55	....
Willow Grove	8 10	12 10	3 59	8 11
Line Ridge	8 14	12 15	4 04	8 15
Espy	8 21	12 21	4 11	8 21
Bloomsburg	8 28	12 27	4 17	8 30
Rupert	8 34	12 32	4 22	8 36
Catawissa	8 40	12 36	4 26	8 41
Danville	8 55	12 49	4 41	8 28
Chulasky	....	.....	4 49	
Cameron	9 05	12 58	4 54	9 13
NORTHUMBERLAND	9 20	1 10	5 08	9 25
	A.M.	P.M.	P.M.	P.M.

Connections at Rupert with Philadelphia & Reading Railroad for Tamanend, Tamaqua Williamsport, Sunbury, Pottsville, etc At Northumberland with P. & E. Div. P. & R. for Harrisburg, Lock Haven, Emporium Warren, Corry and Erie.

W. F. HALLSTEAD, Gen. Man., Scranton, Pa.

N. Y. & S. R. R.

SOUTH. ARRIVE.				STATIONS.	NORTH LEAVE			
am	a.m.	p.m	p.m.		am	p.m	p.m	am
7.10	11.40	6.30	2.40	Bloomsburg	8.30	2 40	6.40	6.10
7.08	11.35	6.26	2.3	" P. & P.	8.31	2.42	6.44	6.13
7.03	11.32	6.24	2.35	" Main st.	8.36	2.45	6.47	
		6.20	2.32	Irondale		2.4	6.50	6.25
6.53	11.23	6.12	2 20	Paper Mill	8.44	2.54	6.58	6.37
6.50	11.20	6.09	2.15	Light st	8.47	3.01	7.01	6.50
6.40	11.10	5.59	2.00	Orangeville	8.56	3.10	7.10	7.10
6.29	11.0	5.48	1.35	Forks	9.06	3.20	7.20	7.35
6.25	10.58	5.44	1.30	Zaner's	9.09	3.25	7.24	7.45
6.18	10.53	5.37	1.25	Stillwater	9.13	3.30	7.29	8.00
6.08	10.43	5.27	1.10	Benton	9.24	3.40	7.39	8.20
6.01	10.40	5.22	12.35	Edson's	9.26	3.43	7.44	8.30
6.02	0.38	5.20	12.30	Cole's Crk.	9.28	3.47	7.48	8.33
5.58	10.35	5. 6	2.5	Sugarloaf	9.31	3.50	7.52	9.00
5.53	10.32	5.13	12.10	Laubach	9.35	3.57	7.57	9.10
5.43	10.23	5.03	12.05	Central	9.45	4.07	8.07	9.20
5.40	10.20	5.00	11.50	Jax. City	9.50	4.10	8.10	9.40
am	a m	p m	p m		a m	p m	p m	a m
LEAVE								ARRIVE

HUMPHREYS' VETERINARY SPECIFICS

500 PAGE BOOK MAILED FREE.

CONTENTS:

Part I.—Diseases of Horses.
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Part VI.—Diseases of Poultry.

Same book in better binding 50 cts.

HUMPHREYS' MED. CO., Cor. William & John Sts., New York

NERVOUS DEBILITY,

VITAL WEAKNESS

and Prostration from Overwork or other causes.

Humphreys' Homeopathic Specific No. 28, in use over 40 years, the only successful remedy.

$1 per vial, or 5 vials and large vial powder, for $5

Sold by Druggists, or sent postpaid on receipt of price.

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ELY'S CREAM BALM is a positive cure. Apply into the nostrils. It is quickly absorbed. 50 cents at Druggists or by mail; samples 10c. by mail. ELY BROTHERS, 56 Warren St., New York City.

PARKER'S HAIR BALSAM

Cleanses and beautifies the hair. Promotes a luxuriant growth. Never Fails to Restore Gray Hair to its Youthful Color. Cures scalp diseases & hair falling. 50c. and $1.00 at Druggists

9-6-1y.d.

Chichester's English Diamond Brand.

PENNYROYAL PILLS

Original and Only Genuine.

SAFE, always reliable. LADIES ask Druggist for Chichester's English Diamond Brand in Red and Gold metallic boxes, sealed with blue ribbon. Take no other. Refuse dangerous substitutions and imitations. At Druggists, or send 4c. in stamps for particulars, testimonials and "Relief for Ladies," in letter, by return Mail. 10,000 Testimonials. Name Paper. Chichester Chemical Co., Madison Place, Philada., Pa.

Sold by all Local Druggists. 10-14-1y.d.

Pennsylvania Railroad

Time Table in effect June 20, '97

Scranton(D & H)	lv	A. M. ‡ 6 05	A. M. ‡ 9 38	P. M. ‡ 2 28	P. M. ‡ 4 41
Pittston "	"	7	‡10 00	‡ 2 50	5 00
Wilkesbarre	lv	A. M. ‡ 7 30	A. M. ‡10 15	P. M. ‡ 3 15	P. M. ‡ 6 09
Plym'th Ferry	"	‡ 7 38	10 20	‡ 3 23	‡ 6 08
Nanticoke	"	7 4	10 25	3 32	6 17
Mocanaqua	"	8 01	10 45	3 52	6 37
Wapwallopen	"	8 13	10 55	4 01	6 47
Nescopeck	ar	8 2	11 10	4 11	7 00
Pottsville	lv	A. M. ‡ 6 00	A. M. ‡ 9 05	P. M. ‡12 55	P. M. ‡ 3 00
Hazleton	"	7 10	11 05	2 10	5 50
Tomhicken	"	7 20	1 2	2 28	6 10
Fern Glen	"	7 38	1 3	2 37	6 28
Rock Glen	"	7 43	1 4	‡ 2 45	6 35
Nescopeck	ar	8 07	.....	3 10	6 50
Nescopeck	lv	A. M. ‡ 8 24	A. M. ‡11 10	P. M. ‡ 4 11	P. M. ‡ 7 00
Creasy	"	8 33	Via	4 21	7 09
Espy Ferry	"	‡ 8 43	Rock	‡ 4 30	7 18
E. Bloomsburg	"	8 47	Glen	4 33	7 23
Catawissa	ar	8 55	P. M. 12 20	4 40	7 30
Catawissa	lv	8 55	12 20	4 59	7 30
S. Danville	"	9 14	12 38	5 20	7 47
Sunbury	"	9 35	1 00		8 10
Sunbury	lv	A. M. ‡ 9 45	P. M. ‡ 1 10	P. M. ‡ 5 34	P. M. ‡ 9 25
Lewisburg	ar	10 15	1 45	6 08	.....
Milton	"	10 30	1 59	6 02	9 52
Williamsport	"	11 00	2 30	6 33	10 30
Lock Haven	"	11 59	3 40	7 57	11 34
Renovo	"	A. M.	4 40	8 55	.....
Kane	"	.....	9 00	.....	.....
Lock Haven	lv	P. M. ‡12 10	P. M. 12 45	.....	.....
Bellefonte	"	1 05	1 44	.....	.....
Tyrone	"	1 15	6 0	.....	.....
Philipsburg	"	4 23	8 26	.....	.....
Clearfield	"	5 06	9 09	.....	.....
Pittsburg	"	7 00	11 30	.....	.....
Sunbury	lv	A. M. ‡10 05	P. M. ‡ 2 45	.....	.....
Lewistown Jc	ar	P. M. 12 05	‡ 4 37	.....	.....
Pittsburg	"	‡ 7 00	‡11 30	.....	.....
Harrisburg	lv	A. M. ‡11 45	P. M. 12 50	P. M. ‡ 7 30	P. M. ‡10 20
Pittsburg	ar	P. M. ‡ 7 00	‡11 30	A. M. ‡ 2 00	A. M. ‡ 5 20

‡ Weekdays. Daily. f Flag station

Pittsburg	lv	P. M. ‡ 8 10	P. M. ‡ 8 10	A. M. ‡ 3 40	A. M. ‡ 8 00
Harrisburg	ar	A. M. ‡ 3 30	A. M. ‡ 3 30	410	P. M. ‡ 3 10
Pittsburg	lv	.....	A. M.	.....	A. M. ‡ 8 00
Lewistown Jc.	"	.....	‡ 7 30	.....	P. M. ‡ 3 15
Sunbury	ar	.....	‡ 9 .8	.....	‡ 5 10
Washington	lv	P. M. 110 40	A. M.	A. M. ‡ 7 50	A. M. 110 50
Baltimore	"	111 50	‡ 4 25	‡ 8 52	112 00
Philadelphia	"	111 20	‡ 4 30	‡ 8 30	112 25
Harrisburg	lv	A. M. ‡ 3 35	A. M. ‡ 8 05	A. M. ‡11 40	P. M. ‡ 3 55
Sunbury	ar	‡ 5 08	‡ 9 40	1 10	‡ 5 29
Pittsburg	lv	P. M. ‡ 1 00	.....	A. M. ‡ 3 30	A. M. ‡ 8 00
Clearfield	"	4 09	.....	.....	9 31
Philipsburg	"	4 56	.....	.....	10 14
Tyrone	"	7 15	.....	‡ 8 10	12 30
Bellefonte	"	8 31	.....	9 32	1 42
Lock Haven	ar	9 30	.....	10 30	2 43
Erie	lv	P. M. ‡ 3 25	A. M.	A. M.	P. M. .....
Kane	"	7 05	.....	‡ 6 30	.....
Renovo	"	10 35	.....	10 25	.....
Lock Haven	"	11 25	‡ 7 20	11 20	‡ 3 00
Williamsport	"	A. M. 12 25	8 30	P. M. ‡12 40	4 00
Milton	"	1 22	9 18	1 37	4 56
Lewisburg	"	.....	9 06	1 15	4 47
Sunbury	ar	1 50	9 45	1 55	5 23
Sunbury	lv	A. M. ‡ 5 25	A. M. ‡ 9 55	P. M. ‡ 2 0	P. M. ‡ 5 43
S. Danville	"	5 48	10 17	2 22	6 07
Catawissa	"	6 08	10 35	2 40	6 24
E. Bloomsburg	"	Via	10 48	2 46	6 32
Espy Ferry	"	Rock	‡10 47	2 50	‡ 6 36
Creasy	"	Glen.	10 56	3 00	6 46
Nescopeck	ar	8 07	11 10	3 13	6 59
Nescopeck	lv	A. M.	A. M.	P. M.	P. M.
Rock Glen	"	.....	‡11 10	‡4 15	‡ 7 05
Fern Glen	"	‡ 6 52	11 35	4 40	7 31
Tomhicken	"	6 59	11 43	4 46	7 37
Hazleton	"	7 10	11 54	4 55	7 48
Pottsville	"	7 37	P. M. 12 15	5 15	8 05
	"	8 45	1 20	7 06	9 10
Nescopeck	lv	A. M. ‡ 8 07	A. M. ‡11 10	P. M. ‡ 3 13	P. M. ‡ 4 59
Wapwallopen	ar	8 18	11 22	3 23	7 09
Mocanaqua	"	8 28	11 32	3 32	7 21
Nanticoke	"	8 48	11 54	3 52	7 42
Plym'th Ferry	"	‡ 8 56	P. M. 12 02	4 01	7 52
Wilkesbarre	"	9 05	12 10	4 10	8 00
Pittston(D & H)	ar	A. M. ‡ 9 41	P. M. ‡12 49	P. M. ‡ 4 55	P. M. ‡ 8 32
Scranton "	"	10 10	1 16	5 22	9 03

† Weekdays. ‡ Daily. f Flag station.

Pullman Parlor and Sleeping Cars run on through trains between Sunbury, Williamsport and Erie, between Sunbury and Philadelphia and Washington and between Harrisburg, Pittsburg and the west.

For further information apply to Ticket Agents.

J. B. HUTCHINSON, Gen'l. Manager. J. R. WOOD, Gen. Pass. Agt.

Philadelphia & Reading R'y

In effect May 29, 1897.

TRAINS LEAVE BLOOMSBURG

For New York, Philadelphia, Reading Pottsville, Tamaqua, weekdays 11.45 a. m.

For Williamsport, weekdays, 7.30 a. m., 3.20 p. m.

For Danville and Milton, weekdays, 7.30 a. m., 3.20.

For Catawissa weekdays 7.30, 11.45 a. m., 12.20, 3.20 5.00 7.35, p. m.

For Rupert weekdays 7.30, 11.45 a. m., 12.20, 3.20 5.00, 7.35, p. m.

For Baltimore, Washington and the West via B. & O. R. R., through trains leave Reading Terminal, Philadelphia, 3.20, 7.55, 11.26 a. m., 3.46 7.27, p. m. Sundays 3.20, 7.55 11.26 a. m., 3.46, 7.27, p. m. Additional trains from 24 and Chestnut street station, weekdays, 1.35, 5.41, 8.23 p. m. Sundays, 1.35, 8.23 p. m.

TRAINS FOR BLOOMSBURG

Leave New York via Philadelphia 8.00 a. m., and via Easton 9.10 a. m.

Leave Philadelphia 10.05 a. m.

Leave Reading 11.55 a. m.

Leave Pottsville 12.30 p. m.

Leave Tamaqua 1.27 a. m.,

Leave Williamsport weekdays 10.20 a m, 4.30 p m.

Leave Catawissa weekdays, 7.00, 8.20 9 10 a. m. 1.30 3.30, 7.13.

Leave Rupert, weekdays, 7.08, 8.18, 9.18 11.56 a. m., 1.38, 3.40, 7.25.

ATLANTIC CITY DIVISION.

Leave Philadelphia, Chestnut Street wharf and South Street wharf for Atlantic City.

WEEK-DAYS—Express, 9.00, a. m. 2.00, 4.00, 5.00 p. m. Accom. 8.00 a. m., 4.30 p. m.

SUNDAYS—Express, 9.00, 10.00 a.m., Accom., 8.00 a. m., 4.45 p. m.

Leave Atlantic City, depot, : WEEK-DAYS—Express, 7.35, 9.00, a. m., 2.30, 5.30 p. m. Accom., 8.15 a m., 4.05 p. m. SUNDAYS—Express, 4.00, 7.30, p. m. Accom., 7.15 a. m., 4.15, p. m.

Parlor cars on all express trains.

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Splendid opportunity for young men. Situations paying good salary secured. Address

FISK TELEGRAPH SCHOOL, Leb

The Columbian.

ESTABLISHED 1866.

The Columbia Democrat,

ESTABLISHED 1837. CONSOLIDATED 1869.

PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY MORNING at Bloomsburg, the County seat of Columbia County, Pennsylvania.

GEO. E. ELWELL EDITOR.
D. J. TASKER, LOCAL EDITOR.
GEO. C. ROAN, FOREMAN.

TERMS:—Inside the county $1.00 a year in advance; $1.50 if not paid in advance Outside the county, $1.25 a year, strictly in advance. All communications should be addressed to

THE COLUMBIAN.
Bloomsburg, Pa.

THURSDAY, OCTOBER 21, 1897.

Democratic State Ticket.

FOR AUDITOR GENERAL,
WALTER E. RITTER
of Lycoming county.

FOR STATE TREASURER,
M. E. BROWN
of Indiana county.

Democratic County Ticket.

FOR ASSOCIATE JUDGE,
A. B. HERRING
of Orangeville.

FOR SHERIFF,
W. W. BLACK
of Rohrsburg.

FOR JURY COMMISSIONER,
G. B. HUMMER
of Sugarloaf.

FOR CORONER,
W. A. GERRITY
of Centralia.

ATTENTION, DEMOCRATS.

The Democratic County Committee is exerting every effort toward the re-organization of our party in this county upon such broad minded principles that their work cannot fail to prove both permanent and effective for the common good of our Democracy.

The re-organization includes not a favored few, but every Democratic voter in Columbia county. Every voter is requested to be a vigilance committee within himself and to realize that he, and every Democrat has important work to do in this and all future campaigns.

Every Democrat is urged to assume upon himself the responsibilities of his voting district and to take personal pride in having the entire vote of his own district polled on the 2nd of November.

It is a part of the plan of the coming election to have the vote cast at an early hour in the day; this is an important feature, and all good Democrats are urged to set the example for their friends and neighbors by going to the polls early in the morning if possible, or at all events not later than 2 o'clock in the afternoon. This valuable suggestion applies to all Democrats without exception, and all are urged to accept and to act upon it with a hearty good will.

We have never witnessed in any campaign, and more particularly in an off year, so much interest displayed by the average voter, as we see at the present time.

This is both pleasing and gratifying to note, and offers conclusive evidence that the Democrats of our county are awakened to a sense of individual duty and are resolved to wrest our Democracy from her past lethargy and to restore to our county her former prestige of being the Banner Democratic County of the old Keystone State.

Judging from the present harmony existing within our ranks, from the fair methods and great activity of our Standing Committee, from the general dissatisfaction of all parties with the present State and National Administration, we predict, and feel safe in asserting it, that at our coming election the Democratic majority in this county will be greater than it has been for several years. Let us stand together in union and in harmony for the noble cause of our Democracy, and place the organization of our county in such a condition that we can roll up a majority of 3000 votes for a Democratic Governor next fall. Go to the polls early and vote the straight Democratic ticket, Tuesday, November the 2nd.

Aged Couple to Wed.

There probably never has been a wedding like the one which will occur in Watertown, N. Y., on October 20, the bride being 91, and the groom, 88. The former is the widow of John A. Sherman, who left to his widow a fortune and a splendid mansion. The groom is B. F. Hunt, of Bridgeport, Conn. He has had two wives.

Mr. Hunt and Mrs. Sherman were schoolmates many years ago, and when he went to Waterloo this summer to visit old friends, Mrs. Sherman was among the number. It was then that Mr. Hunt's fancy turned to thoughts of love. He proposed, and was accepted, and the wedding is to be a grand affair, and as gay as flowers, music and money, can make it.

MANY VICTORIES.

As Recorded for the Democrats in the Municipal Elections Held Thus Far This Year—What They Mean as Distinguished from What the Disappointed Republican Leaders Would Have the People Think They Mean.

One of the most difficult tasks imposed upon the Republican leaders this year is that of explaining that the result of the bye elections are evidences of an increasing popular leaning to non-partisanship in municipal and state affairs and in no wise indicate reaction against Republican rule.

Chicago, Cincinnati, Cleveland, Canton, Newark, Jersey City, Indianapolis, Chattanooga, Nashville, and practically all the other cities that have chosen municipal officers in 1897, have reversed the verdict of last fall and given the Democracy pleasing and in many instances decidedly remarkable triumphs.

It is just a little bit astonishing, if all this be as our Republican friends contend, nothing more than an expression of the desire of the people of our cities to divorce their city governments from partisan politics, that the Democrats should have been so uniformly the gainers in the process. Such a fact would indicate that, however it may be as to national affairs, Republicans cannot according to the belief of our best citizens, be safely entrusted with the administration of our municipal governments. And if they be thus faithless as to a few things, how can they be held faithful as to many?

Another remarkable circumstance, that comes into conflict with the Republican view, is the fact that in nearly all these cities that have repudiated Republicanism and come over to Democracy, or have so largely increased the Democratic majorities, the Democrats have run upon platforms re-affirming the principles of the party faith as last year laid down, nationally, at Chicago.

It is more than probable that the verdict with which our Republican friends are satisfying themselves is born rather of their desires than of a dispassionate review of the facts. And it is probable also that they know, quite as well as we do, that the potent factor in all these victories was the fact that the working people were not voting under such duress as last fall, that they are not satisfied with the complete failure of the Republican administration to redeem the promises made by its leaders in the presidential campaign, and that they are making ready in every section to have their revenge for the deception and try political sailing on another tack from now on.

The withdrawal of Swallow and Thompson, with counsel to their following to turn in for Brown and Ritter, would be a sensible procedure, in the interest of a consolidation of the reform forces. There is no way in which they could give more convincing proof of their loyalty to the cause of reform, and the sincerity of their proposed desire for the downing of the Quay machine.

Notice to the Democratic Voters.

We are authorized to announce to the Democratic Voters of Columbia County that a BEAUTIFUL FLAG will be presented to the Election District polling the greatest percentage of an increased Democratic Vote over and above the vote of 1896.

You will notice that the result is to be determined by the percentage and not by the number of votes: thus making it fair to all Districts regardless of size or the number of voters therein. The committee appointed to decide the contest and award the flag are the following competent gentlemen:

Prof. John K. Miller, County Supt
Prof. E. E. Garr, Principal Berwick High School.
Prof. W. C. Johnson, Ex-County Supt.

Get out your whole vote. One voter staying at home may lose the flag for your District. Let every Democrat vote and vote straight.

State News Epitomized.

—Governor Hastings may go to Ohio next week to assist Mark Hanna in his campaign.

—Instead of gold and silver, David Bechtel, lessee of a South Mountain farm, near Reading, found a mica quarry, for which he refused $13,000.

—Over 2,000 excursionists, from all over the State, toured the Gettysburg battle field on Saturday.

—The Pennsylvania Steel Works, near Harrisburg, have 1,000 more men at work than they had a year ago.

—Peter Subris unwittingly walked into a dynamite blast in a quarry near Clearfield on Saturday and his body was blown to atoms.

—With a bogus check for $38.00 a stranger swindled Undertaker J. S. Calvert, at Jersey Shore, and got him to chase all over the county looking for a bogus corpse.

THE ONLY PROBLEM.

Will the Democrats Come Out?—If so, Brown and Ritter Will Both be elected—The Absurdity of the Proposal That 433,000 Shall Abandon the Field to an Insignificant 19,000.

Probably the most inexcusable blunder a Democratic voter could make would be the casting of a vote for either Swallow or Thompson. Each of these gentlemen may prove a useful instrumentality for reform, but only to the extent of the votes they may succeed in luring from the Republican party. Every Democratic vote given to either will be a vote lost to the good cause at stake and a half vote for Republican ring rule. Democratic administration in 1883 and again in 1896, though only partial, checked extravagance and closed the door to a considerable extent against thievery. And this boom was secured because the Democrats in those years were wise enough not to throw away their strength upon Prohibitionists or Independents, but allowed the Republicans a monopoly of that business and themselves voted their straight party ticket.

The situation of those years is virtually repeated this year and the same tactics will bring an equally gratifying victory.

Messrs. Brown and Ritter are at least the peers of either Swallow or Thompson in ability. They are gentlemen of unassailed rectitude. They are solemnly pledged to complete and unrelenting retrenchment and reform. And they have a chance of being elected, which certainly will not be seriously declared as to either Swallow or Thompson, by any man having even the remotest comprehension of the political possibilities in Pennsylvania.

Some of Swallow's super-enthusiastic friends have gone so far as to give out that Mr. Brown was to withdraw in his favor. It is needless to say that there never was the least reason for expecting such a silly move, neither Mr. Brown nor his friends ever even for an instant entertained the possibility of it. It would be the rankest absurdity for an organized force of 433,000 voters to abandon the field to an insignificant minority of 19,000, and these latter handicapped by Prohibitionism, a policy the people of Pennsylvania are not likely to accept for many years to come, if ever.

There is but one unsolved problem in the fight against the Treasury Ring and its iniquities. Will the Democrats come out? If they do, the election of Messrs. Brown and Ritter is assured. The factional feuds in the Republican party, and the disgust of the better element of its followers evoked by the rascalities of its leaders will render it impossible for that party, to poll much more than fifty per cent. of its 1896 vote. Brown and Ritter will be the next state treasurer and auditor general if the Democrats wish it and will come to the polls to register that desire.

The decision of Judge Simonton merely gives the intended interpretation to a law specifically designed to allot to an adjunct of the Quay machine the pickings incident to the erection of a new capitol. The commission can be rescued from the malign influences that now condemn it in the public estimation, through the election of Messrs. Brown and Ritter. That of itself is good enough reason for voting for these gentlemen.

Pope's Gift to McKinley.

London: Pope Leo has forwarded to President McKinley a copy of a magnificent book, illustrating and describing the Borghese apartments in the vatican. Copies of this luxurious work, of which only 100 were printed, and of which every resource of the engraver's and printer's and the bookbinder's arts have been exhausted, have been sent to Emperor Francis Joseph, of Austria, Queen Victoria and the queen regent of Spain. Collectors have offered big sums for it without avail.

Sleepless Nights

Run Down in Health—Constant Pains in Arms and Shoulders—A Valuable Gift—Health, Appetite and Sleep—Pains are Gone.

"I was run down in health and could hardly keep on my feet. The least exertion would cause palpitation and I would feel as though I was being smothered. My nights were sleepless and I felt worse in the morning than when I retired. My liver was out of order and I had constant pains in my arms and shoulders and numbness in my limbs. I was sometimes dizzy and would fall. My son gave me two bottles of Hood's Sarsaparilla and they proved of more value than a very costly gift. In a short time after taking Hood's Sarsaparilla I had a good appetite, sleep came back to me and the pains all left me." MRS. ANNIE E. STETTER, 621 Marietta Ave., Lancaster, Pa.

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Is the Best—in fact the One True Blood Purifier. Sold by all druggists. Price $1, six for $5.

Hood's Pills are the best after-dinner pills, aid digestion. 25c.

READY FOR THE FALL OF 1897.

We announce to the public that our stock for the coming season is now complete in every department. We are now showing a large and new line of Woolens purchased before the new Tariff Bill went into effect, which means a saving of 15 to 20 per cent. to the buyer. We are now offering Fall Suits at the old prices. Our line of Over Coatings, Suitings and Trouserings are more numerous than ever. We are putting up Fall Suits in City Style and at the lowest prices, consistent with good material and skilled workmanship.

FOUR POINTS WE PAY SPECIAL ATTENTION TO:

Correct Style, Reliable Goods, Perfect Fit and Lowest Prices.

Our long experience in the business enable us to give our customers full value for their money. Our Garments are made by skilled workmen, our work we guarantee in every respect. A fine display now on exhibition in the window of

JOHN R. TOWNSEND,

Merchant Tailor, Hatter, and Gents Furnisher.

But One Way to Save the State.

There is only one way to have the state capitol built within reasonable cost and in time and that is by the election of Brown and Ritter, who, as state treasurer and auditor general, can co-operate with the governor to secure that result.

There is only one way to open the books, and expose as fully as possible the rascality that has evidently been running riot in official circles in Harrisburg, and that is by the election of Brown and Ritter.

There is only one way to rebuke the professional managers of Republican factions and rings who have at last disgusted the decent men of their own party, and that is by the election of Brown and Ritter.

This is the only way to accomplish these things. This is the only way to turn the rascals out, because it is evidently quite impossible to secure the election of either Swallow or Thompson, while it is easily within the bounds of possibility to elect the Democratic candidates if good citizens will unite to do so. Good citizens of Republican faith who are thoroughly aroused by the shameful revelations of misrule in Pennsylvania, and who are in earnest in their professions of disgust and in their eagerness to "turn the rascals out," should vote for those candidates of high personal reputation who have a chance of winning, and should do it boldly and talk about it, in order that personal influence may be added to the force of each ballot, and that as many as possible may be encouraged to do the same.

Democrats will support their candidates as strongly as ever, for there is no reason under the sun why they should not, but men who have held aloof from Democracy can now have no good excuse for doing so. There is no other way to rescue Pennsylvania from the unworthy hands into which she has fallen.—*Ex.*

CHARLES A. DANA DEAD.

Charles A. Dana, Editor of the New York *Sun*, one of America's leading journals, died at his home in Glen Cove, L. I., shortly after noon on Sunday last. Mr. Dana's death had been expected and his family were at the bedside when the end came.

Charles Anderson Dana was born at Hinsdale, N. H., Aug. 8, 1819. Two years later his parents removed to Gaines, Orleans county, N. Y., where on the banks of the Erie canal, and afterward in Buffalo and at Guildhall, Vt., the childhood of this remarkable man was spent. Two winter terms in a country district school and two years in college constituted the whole of Mr. Dana's experience of any system of education in which he was not himself master as well as pupil. He entered Harvard in 1839 at the age of twenty. His eyesight was seriously affected, by too close application, and he was obliged to leave his class at the end of the sophomore year. Although he was prevented from completing the course, the university afterward gave him his degree. He learned to read, write and speak fluently, and with absolute accuracy, German. Italian, Spanish, Portugese and French, Danish, Norse and Old Norse, and was a finished master of Greek and Latin.

Mr. Dana's active career as a journalist began in 1844 on Elizur Wright's Boston Chronotype. In 1847 he went to New York and became the city editor of the Tribune, for $10 a week. The French revolution of 1848 drew him to Europe, whence he wrote weekly letters to the Tribune, the Philadelphia North American and other papers. He remained abroad eight months and then returned to the Tribune, where he labored with Horace Greeley, Bayard Taylor and a galaxy of brilliant men.

He took possession of the New York *Sun* early in 1868, and from that time up to his death has been its editor.

The funeral took place yesterday from his late home. Services were read in St. Paul's Episcopal Church in Glen Cove, L. I and interment in the cemetery adjoining that church.

George M. Pullman, the multi-millionaire, railroad magnate and inventor of the Pullman palace car, died of heart disease at his home in Chicago at an early hour Tuesday morning. Mr. Pullman leaves a fortune variously estimated at from $3,000,000 to $50,000,000. He is survived by his wife, two sons and one daughter.

October Necessities.

With the coming of Autumn's frost fringed breezes, real shopping demands appear. All preparations have ceased, and October announces stock completion. Variety now fills the space of every department; rich colorings take the place of delicate tints and fabrics of weight and warmth command attention. Tariff prospects caused early buying; stock selections can't last; re-orders must cost more. It will be to your advantage therefore to make early purchases. Don't wait.

Dress Materials.

The exhibit pictures a study of Fashion from every quarter. The color artist, the man at the loom, was certainly at his best this season. For never has color blending shown up so charmingly nor the weaving so universally artistic as is seen in the new materials.

Full line of latest novelties for Fall Dresses at prices to suit you, 42, 45, 48, 50, 56, 60c.

Broadcloths.

We call special attention to these goods. They are the leaders in fashion this year and we have them in all shades.

50 in. wide, equal to any selling at 85c., 70c yd.
52 in. wide, equal to any that bring 1.25, $1.00 yd.
Separate Dress Patterns, no two alike, $1.25 yd.

Coats & Capes.

The late arrival of 50 Fall and Winter Wraps complete the stock. Parisian, to be sure in idea only, though copies, they are marvelous counter parts, would be more than double the price if real importations, as it is we sell them as follows:

Black, Beaver Cloth, high 3 notched collar, buttons high to the neck, newest cut, $4.00. Equal to any $6 coat elsewhere.

Black Kersey, plain tailor made, fly front, lap seams, unlined, $6.00. Always sells for $8.00.

A new rough effect cloth, also in an all wool Black Kersey, faced with Satin Radimer, trimmed with Buckles, $9.00.

Black, all wool Kersey, also in the new rough effect cloth, elegantly made, lined throughout with striped and figured taffeta; coats that sell in other stores for $15, we are offering you while they last at $11.00.

We have the finest line of Children's Coats, from 2 to 6 years, to be found anywhere. We do not claim they are the cheapest, but we do claim they are MADE BEST, FIT BEST AND LOOK BEST when worn. Linings match, and they are made with full skirt, any trifle higher in price, but also Children's and Misses' Reefers.

Capes.

Our line of Capes is all you can desire. We have them in Cloth, English Curl, Astrikan, and Plush.

We call special attention to the English Curl Cape at $5.

Dressing Sacks.

Anyone wishing a Dressing Sack can't go amiss on one of these. We have them in Blue, Red, Pink and Gray, at 90c, 1.00, 1.25, and $1.50.

Blankets.

We always pride ourselves on the quality of Blankets we sell. We have people come from the cities of Wilkesbarre and Scranton to buy Blankets of us. Why? We always have the Best Blankets for the least money. Two special ones just now, and the rest are priced in same proportion.

A good Blanket at 36c pair. Same sold last year at 50c.

Here is our HUMMER, an all wool, 11-4 Blanket, full weight at $2.76 pair. Brings $4.00 at other stores.

Shoes.

We don't pay big rent to sell you shoes, consequently we sell cheaper than shoe stores. Our Fall Line is Complete now and here are three for a sample.

Hough's Rochester Shoes, coin toe, common sense heel, kid tip, sells at shoe stores at $3.00, for $2.50.

Hough's Rochester Shoes coin toe, common sense heel, $3.25. Shoe store prices $4.

Laced calf skin shoes at $3.

Lamps.

We never tire of telling you of our Lamps. We are proud of our assortment of them. It is the finest to be found anywhere, and prices are lower by far. We have them in China and Metal. The metal ones are Gold Plated, and will not tarnish. All prices, all shapes and an almost endless variety.

Pursel & Harman,

BLOOMSBURG, PA.

Powder Mill Explosion.

A powder mill near Brandonville, in the Catawissa Valley, owned by the Shenandoah powder works, blew up at 1:40 o'clock Sunday morning. The detonation of the explosion was heard at considerable distance, but the inhabitants of the vicinity have become so accustomed to explosions at these works recently that they did not experience much alarm. This was the fifth explosion at these works within a very brief period. The dry house exploded about two weeks ago. This time the mill building is destroyed. The cause of the explosion is unknown. No one injured.

Cascarets stimulate liver, kidneys and bowels. Never sicken, weaken or gripe. 10c. 4-1-1y

AUDITOR'S NOTICE.

Estate of A. J. Evans, late of the Town of Bloomsburg, deceased.

The undersigned auditor, appointed by the Orphans' Court of Columbia County to distribute balance of fund in hands of executor as shown by first and final account, to parties entitled thereto, will sit at his office in Bloomsburg for the performance of his duties on Monday, November 15, 1897, at 10 o'clock a. m., when and where all persons having claims must appear and present the same, or be forever debarred from any share of said fund.

L. B. WALLER,
10-21-4t. *Auditor.*

PARKER'S GINGER TONIC abates Lung Troubles, Debility, distressing stomach and female ills, and is noted for making cures when all other treatment fails. Every mother and invalid should have it.

PARKER'S HAIR BALSAM Cleanses and beautifies the hair. Promotes a luxuriant growth. Never Fails to Restore Gray Hair to its Youthful Color. Cures scalp diseases & hair falling. 50c. and $1.00 at Druggists

HINDERCORNS The only sure Cure for Corns. Stops all pain. Makes walking easy. 15c. at Druggists

SUBSCRIBE FOR THE COLUMBIAN

Royal makes the food pure, wholesome and delicious.

ROYAL BAKING POWDER
Absolutely Pure

ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., NEW YORK.

THE COLUMBIAN.

BLOOMSBURG, PA.

THURSDAY, OCTOBER 21, 1897.

Entered at the Post Office at Bloomsburg, Pa. as second class matter, March 1, 1886.

BRIEF MENTION.

About People You Know.

T. W. Riley of Centralia, attended the fair last week.

Louis Lowenberg of Milton, took in the fair last week.

Miss Carrie Moorehead, of Milton, visited in town last week.

Freeman Sitler of Fowlersville, was among our callers on Friday.

Dr. J. M. Gwinner of Centralia, spent Saturday at the fair.

Miss Susie Geiger and Miss Jennie Malick of Sunbury, spent Sunday in town.

J. M. Gidding is in New York and Philadelphia this week, buying new goods.

Col. A. D. Seely and H. O. Kline of Berwick, were among the fair visitors on Friday.

William Bond, of Binghamton, N. Y., a former Bloomsburger, spent last week in town.

John G. McHenry, Chairman Democratic County Committee, was in town a short time yesterday.

Miss Ella Williams, of Berwick, spent a few days in town last week as the guest of Miss Corine Brown.

Miss Lillie Doak has returned from Philadelphia, where she has been looking up the latest styles in dressmaking.

Dr. A. Graydon has resigned as tenor singer in the Presbyterian choir, and his place is filled by Frank Colley.

Mrs. J. C. Wiegand, of Wilkes-Barre, spent Fair week in town with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Joshua Fetterman.

Charles Alexander, who has been visiting his parents in town for the past few weeks, has returned to his work at Fritztown, Pa.

W. H. Rohrbach of Crowl, Northumberland Co., was among our callers last week. He gets up here every year about fair time

Rev. B. C. Conner, of the Methodist Church, returned home last week from Clifton Springs, where he had been spending two weeks.

Michael Beishline, of Bendertown, W. H. Manning, of Millville, Isaiah Bower, of Berwick, and William Eckrote, of Mifflinville, were among our pleasant callers last week.

Legal advertisements on page 7.

A new line of Extension Tables, very cheap, at the Leader Department store.

"Side Tracked" gave general satisfaction to a fair sized audience at the Opera House Friday night.

The finest carved and polished rocker you ever saw for $3.75.
The Leader Department Store.

Thieves broke into and robbed the D. L. & W. Depot at Catawissa last Thursday night. About $80 worth of goods were stolen.

Everybody Says So.

Cascarets Candy Cathartic, the most wonderful medical discovery of the age, pleasant and refreshing to the taste, act gently and positively on kidneys, liver and bowels, cleansing the entire system, dispel colds, cure headache, fever, habitual constipation and biliousness. Please buy and try a box of C. C. C. to-day; 10, 25, 50 cents. Sold and guaranteed to cure by all druggists.

—THE—
FOUNTAIN HEAD

of a bubbling torrent of Delicious Soda Water is right in our store.

YOU MAY NOT KNOW IT but we also keep

WHITMAN'S CHOCOLATES and LOWNEY'S BONBONS.

We receive them every two weeks, and they are fresh.

Those who enjoy fine candy should remember the place,

Righton's Drug Store,
Opposite P. O.

Fred E. Drinker, has gone to Philadelphia where he intends to accept a position as assistant to the bicycle editor of the *Inquirer*.

The Bloomsburg Car Manufacturing Company have placed electric lights in their shops and are working day and night this week.

Mr. John Geise, a clerk in the Catawissa Bank, was married on Tuesday to Miss Maggie Jacobs, a daughter of John Jacobs, at Danville.

The Y. M. C. A. eleven, of Mt. Carmel, and the Normal School team will play foot ball at Normal athletic field this afternoon at 3:30 o'clock.

We have a fine line of samples of lithograph stationery, and are prepared to fill orders promptly. Call at this office and see some of the work.

It is estimated that fully 35,000 people were on the Fair ground last Friday. Two trains, on the D. L. & W. Railroad, came down with fifteen cars each on that day.

One of the special features of Stowe's Uncle Tom's Cabin, at the Opera House, to-morrow night, will be a grand cake walk, in which, it is said, some of Bloomsburg's colored population will contest.

The Jackson & Woodin Manufacturing Company, of Berwick, have just received an order for 1000 cars. This is good news, and will keep that company busy for some time.

It is said that eight pocketbooks were found in the possession of one of the pickpockets, who was arrested on Friday night last. He had been plying his vocation on the Fair ground and must have been quite good at the business.

W. C. Dougherty, of Wilkes-Barre, who was the former manager of the Western Union Telegraph Company, in Bloomsburg, called on his many old friends in town last week. This was his first visit here since he left, about eleven years ago.

The sky in the direction of Berwick was illuminated at an early hour Saturday morning, caused by the burning of a large barn owned by James Wright of that place. Everything in the building was destroyed. The fire was of incendiary origin.

The Knorr–Wintersteen conspiracy case in which the latter is charged with an attempt to blow up the residence of L. E. Waller last September will occupy the attention of the court for the second time next week, beginning on Tuesday. Sensational developments are promised.

There will be about two hundred applicants for the positions of mail carrier and clerk in the new free delivery system, which is to be inaugurated in Bloomsburg on February 1. There are three carriers and one clerk to be chosen. Somebody is going to get left.

The management of next season's base ball team will have to bear the expense of purchasing new uniforms, as only three players gave up their uniforms at the close of last season. This state of affairs might have been avoided had some one looked after the matter.

The Commissioners of Luzerne county refused to pay the deputies sworn in by Sheriff Martin during the recent strike in the Hazleton region. This leaves the expense all on the coal operators. They have made arrangements to pay the deputies, as well as other expenses incurred.

The following letters are advertised October 19, 1897:

Mrs. Jennie Eifert, Mr. Frank Rieff, Jr., Mrs. M. Haynes, H. S. White, Mrs. Lizzy Wolf.

Will be sent to the dead letter office Nov. 2.

JAMES H. MERCER, P. M.

This office is busily engaged at present printing the ballots for the coming election. There will be 14,075 official, and 2,575 specimen ballots. It will be seven columns wide, which will be headed Republican, Democratic, Prohibition, Socialist Labor, Liberty, Independent, and one blank column.

The Corbett–Fitzsimmons fight reproduced by the linegraph, on the Fair Ground, last week, was positively no good, and many people gave up their money to see a worthless machine. The blurred appearance of the pictures was probably due to the fact that the tent could not be made sufficiently dark.

The jury in the celebrated Luetgert murder case at Chicago is still out. It is the intention of Judge Tuthill, who presided at the trial to keep the jury until Saturday night before he permits them to go with a disagreement. The jury stands just about the same now as it has stood since they went out. Reports vary from nine for death to three for acquittal to eleven for death to three for acquittal.

The Montour County Fair is being held at Danville this week.

Buy your Carpets before they go higher in price.
The Leader Department Store

A new 24 page Hoe Perfecting Printing Press has been placed in the office of the Pennsylvania *Grit* at Williamsport. Last Saturday's issue of the *Grit* was the first printed on the new press, and gives an interesting description of the building which is occupied as its home. The *Grit* is read by a large number of people in Bloomsburg. Its circulation is 80,000 every week.

A benefit ball was given for the Lock Haven base ball team at that city last Friday night. "Willie" Gill who played left field for the team was made treasurer. The receipts amounted to $32, and while darkness covered the earth "Willie" left the town. He will be remembered here as one of the greatest kickers in the business, and his actions in that direction more than once disgusted the patrons of the game at Athletic Park the past season.

This is the time of year for forest fires and it is reported that they are raging and destroying an immense amount of timber in different sections of the state. The river hill just opposite town has been burning a considerable for the past two days, but the little rain of last night had the effect of checking it somewhat. What starts these forest fires is a question. In the above case it is supposed to be the result of sparks from locomotives falling in the dry leaves. But in many instances forest fires start and destroy property where there is no railroad for many miles around.

The next attraction at the Opera House Friday Oct. 22, will be our old yet ever new favorite, "Uncle Tom's Cabin," an immortal play that is always greeted by large audiences everywhere. A famous lecturer says:

One cannot help but wonder why it is that "Uncle Tom's Cabin" always proves a drawing card, yet there is nothing very wonderful about it when once the plot and presentation of this realistic drama is taken into consideration. We have read "Uncle Tom's Cabin" as many as twenty times, and always with absorbing interest, and so, too, we have seen it presented on the stage forty times, and it seems as if we enjoy the last better than any previous rendition. There are some plays, like "Uncle Tom's Cabin" and "Rip Van Winkle" that never wear out. There is that about the plot of "Uncle Tom's Cabin" —a combination of drama, comedy, wit, humor and pathos, all blended so naturally and realistic—that the audience lives through it all, become part of the players on the stage, and have their sympathies aroused to a degree that makes them feel as if they were witnessing a real drama of every-day life. —Ingersoll.

Stowe's company, that will present the piece, is said to be the finest that has ever appeared in this city, and has as extra accessories to the drama proper—a band of colored jubilee singers, a troupe of African cake walkers and banjo players, a corps of buck and wing dancers, several Siberian bloodhounds, donkeys, ponies, two full brass bands, and a fine set of special spectacular scenery, including a genuine cotton gin press in full operation, and a grand transformation scene "Eva in Bowers Elysium" with dazzling electrical effects.

Resolutions of Condolence.

WHEREAS, An Allwise Providence in His supreme wisdom has seen fit to remove from our midst Sister Elvira Megargell. Therefore,

Resolved, 1st. That we bow in submission under the rod of affliction, and try to say "thy will be done."

Resolved, 2nd. That in her death the community has lost one who delighted in doing good, and whose presence in the sickroom was a benediction.

Resolved, 3rd. That the Church in all her departments of work has met with a loss which seems, from a human standpoint, almost irreparable.

Resolved, 4th. That we will cherish her memory, imitate her godly life, follow her as she followed the Master and meet her in Heaven.

Resolved, 5th. That a copy of these resolutions be sent the family, the county papers and Pa. Methodist for publication.

J. W. VOUGHT,
ALICE SMITH,
N. B. SMITH.

6,487 People Killed on Railroads.

The number of persons killed on the railroads in the United States during year was 6,487 and the number of injured over 38,000. Of the killed 1,900 were employes, 181 passengers and 4,406 others, including, of course, tresspassers and the host of grade crossing victims. Of the injured almost 30,000 were employees, nearly 3,000 passengers and 5,847 were other than employees and passengers.

What is Scott's Emulsion?

It is a strengthening food and tonic, remarkable in its flesh-forming properties. It contains Cod-Liver Oil emulsified or partially digested, combined with the well-known and highly prized Hypophosphites of Lime and Soda, so that their potency is materially increased.

What Will It Do?

It will arrest loss of flesh and restore to a normal condition the infant, the child and the adult. It will enrich the blood of the anemic; will stop the cough, heal the irritation of the throat and lungs, and cure incipient consumption. We make this statement because the experience of twenty-five years has proven it in tens of thousands of cases. *Be sure you get SCOTT'S Emulsion.*

50c. and $1.00, all druggists.

SCOTT & BOWNE, Chemists, New York.

J. E. ROYS.

DO YOU KNOW

That many Silver-Plated articles, marked Quadruple Plate, are not even a good Single Plate?

And Do You Know

That many Solid Silver articles marked Sterling fall considerable short from being 925-1000 fine or real Sterling?

There is no law governing these marks.

We carry only the finest Gold and Silver articles, made by the most celebrated and reliable manufacturers, and we guarantee ever article we sell to be just as represented.

J. E. ROYS.

Jeweler and Optician.

Try the COLUMBIAN a year.

MARRIED

FAUST—PURSEL. At the M. E. parsonage, Buckhorn, Milton Faust of Buckhorn, and Miranda Pursel of Mt. Pleasant, Oct. 14th, 1897, by Rev. W. H. Hartman.

CROSSLEY—HENDERSHOTT. At the home of the Bride Oct. 13, 1897, H. E. Crossley of Hazleton, and Mira Conway Hendershott of Danville, by Rev. W. H. Hartman.

REICHARD—TURNER. At the home of Rev. Jos. W. Bell, Strawberry Ridge, Montour Co., Pa., on Sept. 29, Mr. A. Arthur Reichard and Miss Bertha Turner, both of Madison township, Columbia Co., were by him united in marriage.

BITLER—SCHOOLEY. At the same place, by the same, on Oct. 5, Mr. Norman L. Bitler, of Danville, and Miss Laura Schooley, of Derry township, Montour Co., were united in marriage.

ST. CLAIR—SPRINGER. At the same place, by the same, on Oct. 14, Mr. William T. St. Clair and Miss Lizzie C. Springer, both of Derry township, Montour Co., were united in marriage.

The Gunning Season.

The gunning season opened on Friday of last week, and it is now legal to shoot all game with the exception of deer and rabbits. Rabbits will not be in till the first of next month. Quite a number of our sports were out last week, but so far as we have learned the game did not suffer to any very alarming extent. It is reported that squirrels are very plentiful and in excellent condition this season which is probably due to fact that they had one month extra lease of life given them this year. Heretofore it was legal to kill squirrels on Sept. 1, but the new law gives them an extra month and a half longer to run.

COAT DEPARTMENT.

We are now showing in this department the largest and most complete stock of Ladies' Coats, Misses' Coats, Ladies' Cloth Capes, Ladies' Plush Capes, Ladies' Fur Capes and Fur Collarettes at the most popular prices. You cannot afford to miss this showing of Coats and Capes. Make the department a personal visit. See what it offers.

Coats.

Black Kersey Coat, fly front, strap trimmed, lined all through with heavy satin,
Special price, $10.00.

Black Boucle Coat, fly front, ½ silk lined, at $5.00.

Black Coat, fly front, all silk lined, at $7.00.

Black Kersey Coat, yoke back and front, strap seams, a handsome coat, $10.

Fur Capes.

In all the desirable furs. Here is a Special one of whole skin, Astrachan silk lined, at $11.

Fur Collarettes.

A choice line of these goods of the Dependable Kind, and Newest Styles; stylish beyond a doubt. See the Collarettes at 5.00, 7.00, 8.00, 9.75, $13.00, etc.

Dress Trimmings.

This stock offers you all that is new and correct in way of Trimmings. See them.

Cloth Capes.

Are popular as ever, prices to please all. Double Cloth Cape, braid trimmed, storm collar, at $2.00.

Black Wool Damasse Cloth Cape, double box pleat, back trimmed with jet and braid, Thibet fur edged, at $5.00.

Kersey Cloth Cape, 175 inch sweep, strap trimming of same material 3 rows $11.00.

Plush Capes.

Right up to the times, correct in every way. Plush Cape, Thibet fur edging on collar and fronts, silk lined, $7.50.

Plush Capes, beaded and braided, pretty pattern, big sweep, fur trimmings, $9.00.

Dress Goods.

There never was a better time for your dress goods buying than now. Everything is in the buyer's favor.

50 in. All Wool Suitings, 50c a yard. Worth to-day 65c.

50 in. All Wool Serges, 50c a yard. Worth to-day 60c, and lots of others equally as cheap.

H. J. CLARK & SON.

I. W. HARTMAN & SON.

MARKET SQUARE DRY GOODS HOUSE.

Don't rely upon the warm weather that prevailed during last week to carry you through with thin clothing until Christmas. Three warm days and nights and then it was counted off.

And now a warm Cape or Jacket is wanted. We are off again to the City for a new lot. In the meantime you can be fitted with a good one out of our stock, $1.95 to $37.50.

The Young Ladies will be anxious to see our new line of Collarettes, which sell fast; also the new Boas from 50c to $5.00.

Old and Young Ladies are buying ready made SKIRTS, some in figured black, some in rough goods, some in plain and some in plaid goods; all are fashionable, well made and fit well, at 1.00, 2.00, 3.00 up to $5.00.

Our Single Dress Patterns are admired for color, quality, beauty and price, 4.50, 6.00, 8.00, $10.00.

Our new line of Wool Blankets will be in this week; have in stock at present white and gray for 45, 75c, 1.00, 1.50, 2.00, 2.50 and $2.75 pair.

People wonder how we can (with the rise in goods) sell good Muslin 20 yds. for $1.00; thinner Muslin, 20 yds. for 80c., also good oil cloth, 1¼ yd. wide, for 12c. Well we do it, and find no fault with those who want it, or with the small profit we make.

ALL FOR CASH DOWN.

The Fall trade so far has been encouraging, but we are sowing seed for a bigger harvest, and expect when cold weather is here our big stock will attract buyers for warm goods.

I. W. HARTMAN & SON.

OUR WATCH HOSPITAL

has been remodeled.

CHRONIC CASES

as well as ordinary diseases that the Watch is subject to will be treated in a most skillful manner.

A PERFECT CURE GUARANTEED.

Optical work, and all kinds of Clock and Jewelry repairing a Specialty at

HESS BROTHERS

Jewelers, Opticians and Stationers. Bloomsburg, Pa

—TELEPHONE—

Not Mere . . .
Foot Covers . . .

but easy, comfortable, stylish shoes.

SHOES THAT ARE CORRECT

That's what up-to-date men want. That's what we sell, and we don't draw heavily on pocket books either. Fitting feet is our specialty, and we assure perfect comfort to every patron. We carry the largest stock of boots, shoes and rubbers in the county, and all new and fresh and bright. Every size, every shape, and prices not too high—nor to low.

Jones & Walter
FEET FITTERS
BLOOMSBURG, PA.

DRINKING CUSTOM.

INTOXICANTS OF OUR OWN AND OTHER LANDS.

Americans Are Past Masters in the Art of Mixing Concoctions—Other Lands Have Drinks of Strength and Strangeness—Genuine Palm Wine.

A correspondent of the Chicago Times-Herald, discussing the drinks and drinkers of the world, says:

"The drinking customs of America are distinguished from those of other civilized countries only by the habit of treating. In England four men will sit at the table of a public house and each will pay for his liquor. In America one will pay for the four. Then another pays in turn. In England this means social converse. In America it means drunk. In this country there are probably 500 anti-treat societies. They seem to exercise little effect. The most successful with which I am acquainted has its habitat in Washington, D. C. Admiral Ammen and other men high in place are members. I have watched them at their devotions more than once, and I cannot say that any less liquor was consumed, because each man paid for it himself. They are satisfied with themselves, however, and that's the main thing, after all.

"It is a world of strange drinks. Americans are supposed to be past masters in the art of mixing singular decoctions. The very names of them give the untraveled Englishman a sense of wonder extreme. We have the cocktail of various kinds, the rickey, the gin-sling, the julep, the stone-fence, the eye-opener, the brain dust-er, the silver fizz, the golden fizz, the smash, the pick-me-up, the Remser cooler, toddies innumerable and punches without limit.

"In other lands, however, are drinks far beyond ours in strength and strangeness. There is the Russian vodki, for instance. A gill of it poured down a Carthagenian mummy will set that long dead person to fighting all his Punic battle o'er again. In the forceful language of the West: 'Two drinks of it will make a man go home and steal his own pants.' The West Indian gets from the cocoanut clear pure water, toddy and arrack, which is a cork-splitting brandy. Of their toddy Boyle says: 'It looks like skim milk and smells like 500 slaves in a pen.' The Marquesans have a seductive drink called aroo. A number of young boys sitting in a circle chew fresh cocoanut, and when it is sufficiently masticated expectorate it into a bowl that is the common receptacle. Fresh water is poured upon this delectable mixture and it is allowed to ferment. The South Sea Islanders prepare the ava root in the same way. Paul du Chaillu once found a wonderful drunkard in the person of the King of Ilenga Yombi. When he was an infant his father would take him to the top of a tall tree and force him to drink palm wine. It was the ingenious parent's ambition to make him the champion boozer of equatorial Africa, and he succeeded. The King of Olenga Yombi in Du Chaillu's time had been solidly drunk for fifteen years, and when last heard from was calling loudly for another gourd full.

"Genuine palm wine is made from the Palmyra palm, and is far superior to any potable product of the cocoanut. Captain Burton, of Burton & Speke, says that the juice of the oil palm makes a drink that is unapproached by the liquids of civilization. It is of delicious color and flavor and its effects exhilaration unmixed with ferocity or a headache next day. Livingstone makes mention of an intoxicant brewed by the Majanga tribe of the Zambesi. It is made from the grain of the country, sun-dried and gently boiled. The fermented liquor eventuates into a palatable beer. It will produce a superior brand of drunk, which leaves no ill effect. Indeed, it is an anti-febrile of remarkable power, and it was when stricken with jungle fever that the good doctor was made acquainted with it. Despit his protests, the kindly natives poured it down him until he saw visions and dreamed dreams and awoke a well man. The introduction of the drink to this country would cause a wonderful increase in the number of fever cases.

"The Abyssinians drink a beer made from flour dough, and it seems to be a winner when opposed to the Italian chianti. They have also a honey wine called 'tedge' that is highly praised. 'Monk' they brew by boiling their beer with honey, eggs, butter and spice. 'Beeden' is made from millet steeped in 'tedge,' allowed to ferment for ten days in the sun. The Soo-Soos make a palatable drunk-making drink from water and the ashes of the yin-yin root. In the maguey, or American agave, the Mexican Indian finds beer, brandy, thread, cloth, nails and a house. The heart of this plant when tapped will run three pints of beer a day for a month.

For Napoleon's Use.

A very interesting discovery has recently been made in Paris. In pulling up the Rue St. Layrae for the construction of a sewer the workmen came across a subterranean passage in connection with the Imperial box at the old Theatre Italian. It appears that Bonaparte, when he was First Consul, after the attempt made upon his life in the St. Nicaise, as he was on his way to the opera, had this underground exit built, so that he might be able to withdraw secretly from the imperial box to the palace. It would also be a way whereby troops might be introduced into the theatre without being seen by the mob. Such was life in the imperial days of Paris.—New York Advertiser.

Newly Discovered Use for Old Paper.

The latest use to which old newspapers may be put, is to soak them in sour milk until reduced to pulp and feed the mixture to the hens. This is the unpatented invention of a Michigan poultry fancier, who says it greatly increases their egg-laying abilities. I'm fear it may not so well agree with the Bristol breed, we suggest trying it at first on your neighbor's fowls. P. S.—It is found to be useless unless the subscription to the paper has been paid for in advance.—Bristol (R. I.) Phoenix.

AN ODD SIGNATURE.

The Woman Writes One-Half and Her Husband the Other Half.

A woman named Caroline Gentry kept a snug bank account in an Indiana town not far from the Ohio line. Her signature was very odd and easy to recognize. Her given name, Caroline, was written in the hand of a woman cramped with age. The surname, Gentry, was written in a free, flowing masculine hand, as different from the other as the chirography of a teacher of penmanship differs from that of a common clodhopper.

Naturally the curiosity of the bank officials was aroused and they sought an explanation. She cheerfully gave it.

"When I was a young gal," she said, "we didn't have any eddicashunal advantagers, I never went ter skule, but when I was married my old man, who was named Williams, teached me to write my name. Arterwards he died. Then I married William Hawkins, and I had to learn all over again, and it wer a powful sight uv trubbel, fur my hand was gettin' kinder stiff frum doin' so much hard work. Bill he died, too, but I kep on a writin' Caroline Hawkins whilst I wer single.

"Wal, I got kinder tired a runnin' the farm unyoked an' I hitched up with Abe Gentry. He wanted me ter learn to write his name an' I tried fur awhile, but, mister, it want no good. I couldn't learn enny more. My fingers wus too cramped. Then just to keep peace in the family me an' Abe concluded ter split the diffrunce. I wus to write Caroline, an' Abe he wus ter write Gentry. An' that's how it cum about. Abe he writes a puttier han' nur whut I write, but he says thar ain't enny one who kin forge our name."

The English Rothschilds.

The greatest financial genius of the Rothschild family, though there have been many of great talent, was Nathan Mayer, of the second generation, who established the house of N. M. Rothschild & Co., in 1798, in London. He flew to the stars, and grovelled in the mud for money. He welcomed all transactions, big or little, wherewith to turn the banker's penny. He was the most daring speculator of his time on the Stock Exchange, and the most successful. He had carrier-pigeons and fast-sailing boats to bring him the earliest news from the war centres of Europe, and so help him to manipulate stocks. He followed Wellington's army to Waterloo in person, and had relays of the swiftest horses, and a fast yacht lying in the harbor at Ostend. So he arrived at the London Stock Exchange, after the battle, twelve hours ahead of any public announcement of the victory, and made £5,000,000 by one of the most tremendous series of speculations in history. In 1810, when the Duke of Wellington, then commanding in Spain, drew on the English government for £3,000,000, and the English treasury was short, Nathan bought the drafts at a big discount and at once sent the money. The stories about this remarkable man are almost endless, and show how strangely he was alike equal to the most tremendous schemes and the pettiest tricks of avarice.—Harper's Round Table.

The Hard-Wheat Region.

The most productive of our hard-wheat regions is unquestionably the valley of the Red river of the North. This great aluvial plain, which drains northward to Hudson Bay, is now an immense wheat field, gridironed by railroads and dotted with towns and villages. To move the crop to the mills of Minneapolis and to the elevators at head of Lake Superior taxes the energies and equipments of the railroad companies to their fullest capacity. It is a great sight to look over any portion of this valley in the fall, from the heights which skirt it on the east, and see hundreds of threshing outfits at work, lines of farm wagons moving towards the elevators at the railroad stations, and long freight trains going towards Minneapolis or Duluth. The Red River valley has been well named the "Bread Basket of America." Its soil is very deep, and is apparently inexhaustible in fertility. Like the valley of the Volga in Russia and the plains of Sicily at the base of Mt. Aetna, the Red River valley will probably be devoted to the growth of wheat for many centuries. Here hard wheat reaches its highest perfection in the grain known as "number one," and here are recorded the heaviest yields per acre known in any part of America, except on the plains of eastern Washington or the Willamette valley of Oregon.—E. V. Smalley, in New York Evening Post.

Lincoln's Quaint Ways.

There was a homeliness about Lincoln's way of saying things on paper that was as attractive as the homeliness of his face. It was as much a part of his nature to be bluntly straightforward as it was for him to tell funny stories to illustrate serious points, while other men were straining for high sounding metaphor. When he visited Grant in camp in the days of the City Point campaign he went to see the colored troops. There had been bloody fighting and the men were not in the best of spirits. It was expected that the president would cheer them on by some heroic effort, but instead of making a speech he rode through the camp with Grant and then told a story to the officers. He had been pleased with the conduct of the colored men.

"They remind me of an old fellow out in Illinois," he said. "He had gone to Chicago to see some friends, and while he was in town he went to see a celebrated actor play Othello. The old fellow had never given much attention to Shakespeare, but he seemed to be interested in the play. After it was over somebody asked him how he liked it.

"'Wal,' he said, 'kain't he'p sayin' that the nigger held his own with the best of 'em.'"—St. Louis Republic.

Strengthening Iron.

It was formerly believed that cast iron, when subjected to long continued shocks and jarring, became crystallized and brittle, but Mr. A. E. Outerbridge, Jr., of Philadelphia, has recently shown by a series of experiments, that instead of being weakened, cast iron is really strengthened by repeated blows and concussion.

READY TO START A COLONY

Plans for the Salvation Army's Scheme In the Arkansas Valley.

The colonization scheme proposed by the Commander Booth-Tucker of the Salvation Army has assumed tangible shape, and its originator is sanguine of its practicability and ultimate success. It was in order to consult with General Booth about the scheme that Commander Booth-Tucker made his recent flying visit to London, and since his return he has been busy with plans and estimates for the proposed colony.

To a Tribune reporter Commander Booth-Tucker outlined the scheme, as far as it has at present been formulated. The place for the colony has already been practically determined. The commander is receiving dozens of letters daily from land agents and others all over the country, asking him to consider the advantages of their respective localities, but it is almost certain that the Arkansas valley in Colorado will be the site of the first colony. A few weeks ago Mr. Booth-Tucker, on the invitation of the Santa Fe Railroad Company, inspected the country along that line, in company with the land commissioner and the industrial commissioner of the railroad. What he saw caused him to believe that the Arkansas valley would be the most suitable place he could find. He declared that the climate was temperate, the soil rich, and there was an abundance of fertilizing water. Capital has already provided irrigation works and a number of small colonies had already been established, so that the proposed colony would not be merely an experiment. On small farms of five or ten acres families were already subsisting comfortably, and the purchase money, from $50 to $100 an acre, had in some cases been paid in two years.

Speaking of the terms under which the colonists would receive the land and of the class he desired to assist, Commander Booth-Tucker laid special stress on the fact that flotsam and jetsam of society would not be encouraged to emigrate to the colony, nor would the small capitalist. It was the man with a wife and family, who was unable to obtain a living in the city, whom it was desired to benefit, he said. Many schemes to relieve the poor had failed, the commander pointed out, because the man was parted from his family. In the proposed colony the wife and children would not only be allowed but welcomed. Commander Booth-Tucker said, as he believed that a man was more reliable and likely to succeed when he had his family with him. As for the small capitalist, he would be admitted if he chose to obey the rules of the colony, but the man without any capital at all was the one whom it was desired to help.

It is proposed to give each family a ten-acre plat of land. The first colonists to go out will be those acquainted with agriculture or mechanics. For the others schools of agriculture will be established. The colonists will buy their farms gradually, and will be helped by a village bank, after the style of those in Germany. The bank will receive $200 on account of each family, and will advance money to pay the first year's expenses, if the colonists shows himself capable. The colonists will be transported free and will receive plain huts to live in until they can build cottages.

Commander Booth-Tucker believes that for $5,000,000 10,000 families can be established on 160,000 acres of land, and that the colony will become self-supporting in a few years. He said that General Booth gave the scheme his hearty approval, and many rich men in this country had already promised to aid the colony.—New York Tribune.

Pope Leo's Breadth.

As explaining the wide knowledge of passing events in all parts of the world with which the Pope astonished Sir Wilfred Laurier at their recent interview, it is stated that the first thing done by his holiness every morning is to listen to a careful resume of the previous day's events. This is prepared for him by Vatican officials, whose special duty it is, and who work at the task of summarizing newspapers, telegrams and letters from midnight until the Pope is ready to receive their report. This general outlook over the world, a Roman correspondent says, is shortly afterward completed by a visit from Cardinal Rampolla, with whom the Pope discusses the most important affairs. After a frugal breakfast, accompanied by a private attendant, his holiness descends to the garden, and is driven to the tower of Leo IV., escorted only by a member of the noble guard, with whom he converses about the doings and gossip of the town. He usually descends from the carriage to take a walk in his flower garden, which, though not large, is bright with blossoms. He occupies himself also with the growth of his grape vines, speaking personally on the subject with his gardeners. Grapes are among his favorite fruit, especially the pizzutello, an oblong white grape, found almost exclusively near Rome. In the tower he attends only to ecclesiastical or literary work, especially Latin poetry, in which he is such an adept, and a little before sunset returns as he came to the Vatican palace.—New York Times.

Mysterious Glass Balls.

The small island of Billiton, between Sumatra and Borneo, has long been famous for its rich tin mines, which are controlled by the Dutch government. In describing the geology of Billiton before the Royal Academy of Sciences in Amsterdam recently Mr. Verbeck gave an account of the mysterious "glass balls of Billiton," which are found among some of the tin ore deposits. They are round, with grooved surfaces. Similar balls are occasionally found in Borneo and Java, as well as in Australia. Mr. Verbeck thinks they cannot be artificial, and there are no volcanoes near enough to support the theory that they are volcanic bombs. Besides, he says, the glassy rocks produced by the nearest volcanoes are quite different in their nature from the material of the balls. He suspected that the mysterious objects were ejected ages ago from the volcanoes of the moon and afterward fell upon the earth.

A NIGHT ATTACK.

There Had Been No Cavalry Charge, But a Scared Cow Created Confusion.

It was on the march up the Kanawha said the veteran in recounting some of his war experiences, that I fought my first engagement. I was then a high private in the rear rank and I felt the dignity of the position. Up somewhere in the vicinity of Scary creek, and on a very dark night, two or three of us were on picket in the enemy's country for the first time. The air had been full of rumors for two or three days about the Black Horse Cavalry sweeping us off the face of the earth. I never could understand it, but in the first months of the war the Black Horse Cavalry was the bugaboo of the Union army.

On this particular night our squad expected an attack by the Black Horse Cavalry, and we had gravely decided in a whispered council of war just what we would do. Long after midnight it became very quiet in the woods, and the deep stillness made us nervous. Suddenly there was a terrific uproar in front. The cavalry had come sure enough, and they were charging down on us without ceremony. They came nearer and nearer, and we knew there was no joke about it this time. They seemed to be riding recklessly through the woods, caring little how much noise they made. This meant, of course, an attack in force. We challenged, and there was no answer and no halt. We challenged again and the noise grew louder. Then we fired and ran.

We went into camp at a full run and reported what had happened. In ten minutes the camp was in an uproar, the line of battle was formed. The regiment stood in line until daylight, waiting an attack. None came, and there were no signs of an enemy in our front. When it was fairly light, myself and associates on picket acted as guides to a reconnoitering party. With much deploying and maneuvering the two companies approached the scene of the cavalry attacks on the pickets. We found the place where we had stood when we fired. We could prove this, anyhow, because there were our blankets, and some other of our belongings. We knew in what direction we fired, and went courageously forward. Not more than thirty yards to the front we came upon a dead cow, with two bullet holes in her head. This proved that we had not fired in the air, but it also proved that there had been no cavalry charge, but that we had been scared by a scared cow. I was in a good many engagements after that, but I never was rattled after the experience at Scary creek. I never see the confounded name now without a shiver running up my backbone.

The Ugly Man and Science.

There once was a man with a misfit face. It did not harmonize with his mental capacity nor the surrounding scenery. One day a candid friend said to him: "Your face is your misfortune. Why not have it revamped, new hinges put on and a larger sprocket adjusted. It seems to me that it would look better if it were inflated a little harder."

And this was not all. Other candid but less original friends told the man that his face was ingrowing, that it would fry eggs or throw a switch, and others asked him if it pained him.

"I will get hunk on my face," thought the man, "by cutting off my nose."

So the man severed his nasal member to spite his countenance. He then repented his action and went to a hospital where several doctors performed divers experiments on him. They made him a nose of celluloid trimmed his ears, hemmed his mouth, pried out a few teeth and made other changes in the geopraphy of his physiognomy. He was made into a handsome man and with a little effort won a wealthy widow and lived comfortable if not happy ever after.—Truth.

Official Meddling.

Governor Bradley sent troops to prevent the lynching of a Kentucy negro. "Why all this fuss and expense?" indignantly inquired one of the best citizens. "There would have been no trouble but for these soldiers. We should have just taken the nigger out and quietly hanged him." "Hannah," remarked the quaint old Pennsylvanian whose wife caught him kissing the servant-girl, "thee'd better go away. Thee'll make trouble in the family."

The Man's the Man.

The Duke of Portland, who is very wealthy, was handed a shilling by a Welsh member of parliament at a queen's party recently, the latter supposing him to be a flunkey. But the duke showed that he was not a person of that humility by calmly handing the coin to a flunkey near him with the remark, "This gentleman wants you to have this shilling." So that the rank is sometimes rather more than the guinea's stamp, after all.

Rumors and Boarders.

"If Senator Hanna had gone to the White House to lodge, how would that fact differ from the story that he had gone?"

"Is it a conundrum?"

"Yes."

"Then I give it up."

"One is a weak rumor, the other a day boarder."

A Domestic Chill.

"Too bad about the coolness between Banglewunk and his wife."

"Dear me! I hadn't heard of it."

"Yes. I saw them sitting in Francois' restaurant last night with a couple o' plates of ice cream between 'em."

A King's Humor.

"We have a long account to settle with Turkey, said Prince Constantine, grimly.

"Yes," said King George, with a slight smile, "and it's a running account at that."

The Passing of Queen Lil.

"And did that extremely tall man belong to Queen Lil's suite?"

"Yes. He's an example of suitness long drawn out."

A Sharp Rebuke.

"I tell you the girl smiled at me."

"Pooh! You're not the only man at the seaside hotel."

REASONS FOR USING

Walter Baker & Co.'s

Breakfast Cocoa.

1. Because it is absolutely pure.
2. Because it is not made by the so-called Dutch Process in which chemicals are used.
3. Because beans of the finest quality are used.
4. Because it is made by a method which preserves unimpaired the exquisite natural flavor and odor of the beans.
5. Because it is the most economical, costing less than one cent a cup.

Be sure that you get the genuine article made by WALTER BAKER & CO. Ltd., Dorchester, Mass. Established 1780.

ALEXANDER BROTHERS & CO.

DEALERS IN

Cigars, Tobacco, Candies, Fruits and Nuts

SOLE AGENTS FOR

Henry Maillard's Fine Candies. Fresh Every Week.

PENNY GOODS A SPECIALTY.

SOLE AGENTS FOR

F. F. Adams & Co's Fine Cut Chewing Tobacco

Sole agents for the following brands of Cigars:

Henry Clay, Londres, Normal, Indian Princess, Samson, Silver Ash

Bloomsburg Pa.

SHOES SHOES

We buy right and sell right.

OUR SUCCESS IS BASED ON THISFACT.

Honest trading has won us hosts of customers but we want more. We are selling good shoes, so good you ought to see them. Drop in and we will make it pay you.

CORNER IRON AND MAIN STS. W. H. Moore.

IF YOU ARE IN NEED OF

CARPET, MATTING,

or OIL CLOTH,

YOU WILL FIND A NICE LINE AT

W. H. BROWER'S

2nd Door above Court House.

A large lot of Window Curtains in stock.

Wintersteen to Cause Arrests.

Mysterious Conferences as to the Dynamite Conspiracy.

Reading, Pa., Oct. 16.—Detectives Martz and Matz, who were recently arrested here for an alleged conspiracy to break down the prosecution in the notorious Knorr-Wintersteen dynamite trial at Bloomsburg, have just been conferring with lawyer A. S. L. Shields, for the defense, in Philadelphia. They expect Wintersteen here next week when, it is intimated, there will be arrests on the other side of the case.

Mrs. Kate Hitchins, of this city, and Joseph Kendall say that representatives of the prosecution got them to Bloomsburg recently and tried to make them promise to swear to certain allegations against Martz and Matz, but they both refused to do so.

It is not a remedy put up by any Tom, Dick or Harry; it is compounded by expert pharmacists. Ely Bros. offer a 10 cent trial size. Ask your druggist. Full size Cream Balm 50 cents. We mail it.

ELY BROS., 56 Warren St., N. Y. City.

Since 1861 I have been a great sufferer from catarrh. I tried Ely's Cream Balm and to all appearances am cured. Terrible headaches from which I had long suffered are gone. —W. J. Hitchcock, late Major U. S. Vol. and A. A. Gen., Buffalo, N. Y.

Grand Army Men Warned.

Adjutant General Stewart, of the Grand Army of the Republic, has issued an order warning members of the order against a woman giving the name of Mrs. J. F. Willets or Wallace, who professes to have lost her money and thus secures her loans "until she hears from her husband." She states she is from California, and her husband is a member of the Grand Army.

"PAINLESS AND DELIGHTFUL CATARRHAL REMEDY" is the good word which John MacInnes, Wathaback Bridge, N. S., has to say of Dr. Agnew's Catarrhal Powder, after having suffered from Catarrhal Deafness for years. In 10 minutes from the first application he had relief and after using but one bottle his hearing was restored in all its natural acuteness. Not an excuse for despairing of a cure with such a remedy within reach of you.—18.

Sold by C. A. Kleim.

Beaten At Their Own Game.

Farmer Buck Wins a Clever Bet From Bunco Sharps.

David Buck is one of the farmers of Tioga County who reads the newspapers, and to this fact he attributes his escape from a neat trap laid for him by a pair of sleek Alecks, at the same time beating them at their own game.

One day last week a dapper fellow drove up to Farmer Buck's home, on the outskirts of Mansfield, and asked to be shown the adjoining farm, belonging to a widow, for whom Farmer Buck is agent. The stranger proposed the usual drive and Mr. Buck assented. In the course of their drive they were accosted by a seedy-looking individual, who said he had walked from New York, where cunning Yankees had fleeced him, he said, of several hundred dollars; "but I learned their trick," he added, and producing three playing cards, he proceeded to explain the modus operandi. The usual wagers for luring the unwary were offered by the quasi New Yorker, and freely accepted by the farmer until the latter was $260 ahead of the game.

Pressed for a higher wager, the farmer, who by this time had become solicitous for his safety, seized the opportunity for getting rid of the interesting sharpers. He invited them to accompany him to his home, to procure his bank book, after which he suggested he would drive to the Mansfield Bank and draw a sum sufficient to lay a good, stiff wager. Entering his home, Farmer Buck whose reference to his bank book was intended to deceive the two strangers, picked up a loaded shotgun, and, exposing the muzzle of the weapon from a second-story window, he persuaded the visitors to move on, if they had any fear of being turned over to the authorities. The strangers acted on the suggestion, and when Farmer Buck had his winnings examined at the bank he was agreeably surprised to learn that the money was not spurious.

HAVE YOU A SKIN DISEASE?—Tetter, Salt Rheum, Scald Head, Ringworm, Eczema, Itch, Barber's Itch, Ulcers, Blotches, Chronic, Erysipelas, Liver Spots, Prurigo, Psonasis or other eruptions of the skin—what Dr. Agnew's Ointment has done for others it can do for you—cure you. One application gives relief.—35 cents.—19. Sold by C. A. Kleim.

EARLY RIPENING OF FRUIT

Inducing Grape Growers to Practice "Ringing" in the Fall.

It is not difficult to so manipulate a branch of a peach, pear or apple tree as to cause it not only to ripen its fruit ten days or more in advance of the ordinary season but to greatly increase its size.

Trees take in their food from the soil; minerals dissolved in water, which passes from cell to cell through the centre of the tree until the leaves are reached, where it is digested, so to speak, and is combind with carbon from the atmosphere and the assimilated food passes downward immediately under the bark, building up the wood cells and developing the fruit.

Now if we check the downward flow of the sap by pressing the bark it throws the food back and the fruit appropriates it, causing an abnormal growth and speedy maturity. This can be readily done by twisting a small wire tightly around the limb just below the fruit. It is better to remove all but the one specimen and great care must be exercised not to get the wire so tight as to rupture the bark and thus destroy the branch. It only requires a slight compression to accomplish the work. After the fruit has matured the wire must be removed.

Grape growers who practise "ringing" understand this to perfection They cut out a band of the bark about a quarter of an inch long just below the cluster to be affected. It then appropriates all the resources of the shoot and often more than doubles its size, but the limb must be cut out at the next pruning, as the girdling kills it.

It often happens that a young tree will not develop fruit buds, but such can be made to do so by suddenly checking its growth when its wood buds are about half formed so as to cause them to develop into fruit buds. A fine wire is twisted around the body of the tree only once and left two or three weeks in July and August so as to cut off the downward flow of sap.

The same effect can be accomplished by a straight, thin cut directly around the tree, merely severing the bark. It will draw apart and fill with gum, quickly healing; but the check is secured and a good crop of fruit sure for the next season.

Grape Vines.

Grape vines should have the rank growth stopped again, after which but little further attention will be required in the way of pruning. As a general thing, too much wood is cut away, with the idea that the sun is a necessity; but it will not stop the bunches from ripening if the sun does not reach them. Nothing need be said on that point to those who practice bagging. To have sweet berries, there must be a fair amount of leaf growth until the fruit is ripe, and the best way to have that is to encourage a steady growth after the first stopping, which with the corresponding root action, will keep the original, oldest (hard and leathery) leaves in good condition. Stop all growth in the early summer and you stop the root action; you may as well expect to keep an energetic man healthy by making him take three square meals a day and forbidding him to move for the rest of the time. Get roots and the rest will follow.

Mildew comes very suddenly. Now is about the last chance to apply Bordeaux for it, that is, if the fruit is not bagged; to spray them after the bunches begin to color will spoil their appearance.

Vinegar From Summer Apples.

If there were only a larger proportion of sweet in summer apples, they would be much the best for making into vinegar, as the warm weather at this time of year causes violent fermentation, which soon gets into the vinegar stage. But it is found that though the fermentation is rapid because of the temperature, the vinegar resulting therefrom is thin and poor. There is a decided advantage in adding some sugar after the cider has passed the alcoholic stage of fermentation. It will increase the sourness of the vinegar, while there will still be the same apple aroma and flavor which makes apple cider vinegar the best that can be produced from anything. The fall apples, even those called "sour," have more sweetness in them than have the best sweet summer apples. The Russet apple makes a very rich cider, but it does not ripen until all the warm weather has passed, so it keeps in the alcoholic stage all winter, and is very apt during that time to be drank by cider-thirsty people. The advantage of making cider from summer apples is that hot weather bring it so soon to the vinegar stage that comparatively little of it will be drank as cider.

The New Stock.

Princess Alice has, for some time, held the distinction of being the best all around perpetual blooming stock. Perhaps the new class, of which White Pearl is the forerunner, can hardly be called a competitor of Princess Alice, because it is so different in make-up. It is very dwarf and tiny in all its parts. The small and very double flowers of clearest white are very thickly set along the spikes, and it is expected to prove particularly fine for cut flower, or florists' use. Fifty cents a packet may seem a little high to the average grower, but perhaps he will be willing to pay it if he is particularly fond of Stocks. If not, another year will probably bring them to his hand at a lower price. In connection with this new dwarf, it is interesting to note that there are sorts offered this year under the names of Colossal and Mammoth which form the strongest possible contrast to the wee White Pearl.

Morton on Truck Farming.

Ex-Secretary of Agriculture Morton classifies truck farming as distinct from gardening proper and says that a special investigation made in connection with the last census disclosed the fact that upwards of one hundred million dollars were invested in it at that time, the product having a value of $76,517, 155 to the producers in one year after paying freights and commissions; 534,440 acres of land were devoted to the business, and it gave employment to more than 240,000 persons. Since then the business has continued to grow with astonishing rapidity, and it is doubtful whether any single industry is now bringing as much money into the south as this one.

SCIENTIFIC AND INDUSTRIAL.

A strong microscope shows the single hairs of the head to be like coarse, round rasps, but with teeth extremely irregular and jagged.

The oyster is one of the strongest creatures on earth. The force required to open an oyster is more than nine hundred times its weight.

The sole of the English coast when placed over a gravelly bottom, will at once assume that shape to a remarkable degree. Placed in a white bowl it becomes almost as white as the dish.

In France it is a punishable offense for anyone to give infants under one year any form of solid food unless such be ordered by written prescription signed by a legally qualified medical man.

Beamur says that each thread of what we call a "spider web" is composed of about five thousand separate fiberes, and that it would take 27,648 full grown spiders a year to spin a pound of such silk.

More than six thousand species of plants are cultivated, and most of these have been broken up into varied forms by the hand of man. Horticulturists create new species, and show numbers of cultivated plants of which no one knows the original form.

Spanning an inlet of the Yellow Sea near Sangang, China, is a bridge five and a quarter miles long, with 300 piers of masonry, and having its roadway sixty-four feet above the water. This work is said to have been accomplished by Chinese engineers 800 years ago.

The drill of the woodpecker has another tool inside, a sort of insect catcher. On the end is a bony thorn with sharp teeth like barbs on a fish hook. As he works and finds an insect he opens the drill and sends out this barbed tongue and draws it into his mouth.

A testing-machine of wonderful power has recently been devised for the Massachusetts Institute of Technology. It is capable of exerting a pressure of 500,000. It can be applied to testing the strength of a complete arch of masonry, and it is said that similar tests on so large a scale have never before been applied.

An experiment station for what has been called the "vivisection of plants" has been established by the Department of Agriculture in Washington. Somewhat similar stations exist elsewhere but it is said to be the intention to make this more extensive than any other. Valuable results are expected from the study of the diseases of plants, and it has long been suggested that this may lead to the employment of "plant doctors" just as now we have doctors for men and animals.

This Tells Where Health May be Found,

And that is more important than making money. If your blood is impure, Hood's Sarsaparilla is the medicine for you. It cures scrofula, salt rheum, rheumatism, catarrh and all other diseases originating in or promoted by impure blood and low state of the system.

Hood's Pills are easy to take. easy to operate. Cure indigestion, headache.

Ritter's Telling Point in Lehigh.

State Officials not to Coin, but to Keep Money.

Democratic State Candidates Walter E. Ritter and Michael E. Brown reached Allentown Friday afternoon on their tour of the State, and in the evening they addressed a largely attended mass meeting in the Court House.

In a speech, Mr. Ritter said that the Auditor General and the State Treasurer had nothing to do with the coinage of money; it was their business to keep that which we have, and prevent it from being stolen. Figures taken from the books were read, and these showed to what extent profligacy has been carried under the present administration.

Mr. Ritter's address had a telling effect, and was supplemented by an equally strong but brief speech by Mr. Brown, candidate for State Treasurer

An Engineering Feat.

Iron Bridge Span Replaced in Two Minutes and a Half.

The feat of replacing an iron bridge span 242 feet long, 25 feet wide and 30 feet deep, with one of the same dimensions of steel was accomplished in Philadelphia on Saturday in two minutes and thirty seconds. In this space of time nearly 1,700 tons of iron and steel were moved a distance of 25 feet, and there was not a slip or a hitch in the entire proceedings.

This remarkable feat of engineering was accomplished at what is known as the connecting railroad bridge over the Schuylkill, just above Girard avenue. It is the bridge that bears the tracks of the New York division of the Pennsylvania Railroad, the busiest division of the Pennsylvania system.

Supreme Court Decisions.

One Affecting Ball Grounds. Another Damages to Employes.

Among the decisions handed down in the supreme court last week was one that will be of interest to base ball players and enthusiasts. It was the appeal on the city of Philadelphia in the suit of the Philadelphia ball club for damages on account of the grading of Broad street. Justice Green, who wrote the opinion, said:

"Base ball is a mere amusement, and nothing can be more fickle and uncertain as to their endurance than the mere amusements of a community." To prove this he cites the skating rink craze. He says that it is even now notorious that only in large cities can the base ball business be conducted with profit. In many localities where it formerly attracted great public interest, it has already died out and has been discontinued. It is gravely asserted by the learned justice that the contention for damages is "entirely too remote, imaginary and purely speculative to the last degree. A new trial was ordered.

Another decision handed down will also be read with interest. It was in the case of Kate McNulty against the Pennsylvania railroad, in which an important point in law was disposed of. It was contained in the refusal of the court to charge the jury as requested by counsel for the defense. The husband of the plaintiff was employed as a laborer in the erection of a railroad bridge at Tacony, near Philadelphia. He was to receive $1.20 a day and transportation. There was a collision through the negligence of the engineer and McNulty was killed. The point set up was: "That McNulty was carried by defendant in performance of a contract of employment and service, and was in law not a passenger, but an employe, and as he was injured by a collision due to the negligence of the engineer the verdict must be for the defendant." The supreme court by sustaining the lower courts denies this point.

Who Owns the Sidewalks.

The recent decision of Judge Clayton of Delaware county will be of interest to all property holders, as well as to other people who think they have a right to occupy a persons sidewalk, doorstep or fence as long as they like. In charging a jury in a case in which the rights of the sidewalk were the bone of contention, Judge Clayton laid down the law in reference to pavements in such a manner as to clear up some of the points concerning which there has been much apprehension. He said: "The owner of real estate also owns the sidewalk in front of his property subject to the right of pedestrians to use it for traveling back and forward, but outside of this he owns the sidewalk as much as any other part of his property. It cannot be used for roller skating or a play ground for children, or other purposes without his consent. If it is, he could first order them to leave, and if they refuse he may lay hands gently upon them, and if they refuse he may use as much force as necessary to remove them, but no more."

A Great Timber Fire.

Extensive District in Pennsylvania is Being Devastated.

Fire in the Goodyear Brothers' lumber operations on Nelson Run near Austin, Pa., is consuming a great amount of bark and cut lumber. The fire has been burning for nearly a week, but a force of men working day and night succeeded in keeping it out of the "slashings" until Sunday night, when a strong wind sent the wall of flame over into the precious territory. At noon Monday it was estimated that twenty thousand cords of bark and ten million feet of hemlock logs had been burned. Beside this the camps of lumber jobbers Trude, Thomas and Whiting Webster were destroyed, and all their belongings were consumed. At present the heavens are lurid with the glare from the fire, and the air is smoke-laden.

The Goodyears have bark and timber on a thousand acres that is forming fuel for the fire, and it is doubtful whether any of it will be saved. Early Monday morning 200 men were sent from Austin to help fight the fire.

Killed in a Football Game.

Eight Players Pounced Upon Prostrate Half-Back Rich.

Benjamin Rich, half-back of the Tyrone football team, was killed in a football game at Bellwood Saturday afternoon. The game had been easy before the accident, Bellwood having scored 22 points to Tyrone's naught.

Near the end of the last haft Rich was given the ball to make a gain through Tyrone's line, but was tackled and throw.

Eight players fell upon him, and when the mix-up was cleared Rich was found to be unconscious, but still holding the ball. He was carried from the field, but died in a few moments, presumably of concussion of the brain.

MINERS LADEN WITH GOLD.

Rich Returns for a Year's Delving in the Klondike.

The steamship City of Topeka, which arrived last week from Alaska, has on board eighty-five miners from Cook's Inlet and about $300,000 worth of gold dust. George Hall has bought 3000 acres in Sunrise district, and expects by hydraulic work to take out $1000 per day. The miners, he says, are satisfied with Cook's Inlet. Gold is not as plentiful as on the Klondike, but there is plenty of it and no trouble about food.

Among the miners with money were John Raynor, $40,000; Robert Michaelson, $40,000; A. M. Brown, $15,000; E. C. Price, $20,000, and H. A. Schmeser $14,000, all taken out in one year. Thomas Williams, Robert Elliott, Richard Lane, Frank Ducrey and Fred Smith have from $5000 to $15,000 each. Sink Creek, at Cook's Inlet, which was abandoned is now valuable. Smith took out $1000 there in two days.

The next boat will bring down more Cook's Inlet miners and plenty of gold. Hall says mining is done on the beds of creeks, and high water stops the operations. Three hundred miners will winter at Cook's Inlet.

The Topeka brought John A. Haloney, a lawyer of Juneau, who had reports from Dawson up to September 8. He left there on August 9. He said no boats had arrived with food, and the residents were excited. Every hit of food had been contracted for, but there was not sufficient to feed the inhabitants until spring, and unless boats arrive from St. Michael's there will be actual starvation this winter.

Fifty persons were to leave there on September 26 for Juneau. Scarcity of food is driving them away. There is gold at Dawson in plenty, bnt not food."

MILLIONS ON THE WAY EAST.

John F. Maloney, of Juneau, says that about $4,000,000 in gold dust will be sent East this fall "There are stacks and stacks of gold," he said, "each with the owner's name on it. Alexander McDonald will produce the largest amount. I hesitate to give figures, but the simple truth is that his various interests will yield from $2,000,000 to $4,000,000 this winter. These figures are staggering, but true.'

Maloney offered $80,000 for a one-half interest in claims Nos. 35 and 36 on El Dorado, which was declined. Charles Anderson, on El Dorado, panned out $700 in three hours, and James Tweed in two hours' shoveling cleaned up 252 ounces of gold.

Stranger Than Fiction.

Muncy Veterans Find Gun and Canteen at Gettysburg.

A strange story has come to light through the Pennsylvania railroad excursions to Gettysburg. On the first of the recent excursions, two Muncy veterans boarded the train at that place. They had not seen the field since the days of the battle in 1863. On the last day the one had hidden his musket and the other his canteen under a ledge of rocks on the field, and they were going down to hunt for them.

After a short search the rocks were found, and under them, to the intense surprise of the veterans, was found the canteen and the barrel of the musket, the stock having almost entirely rotted away. The prizes were secured, and are now in the possession of the owners in Muncy. The names of the interested parties could not be learned.

NOTICE.

We, the undersigned Committee, will meet at the office of Guy Jacoby, in the town of Bloomsburg, Pa., on Saturday, October 23, 1897, between 9 a. m. and 4. p. m., to examine applicants for naturalization.

C. C. EVANS,
W. H. SNYDER,
GUY JACOBY,
Committee.

10-14-3t.

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that letters testamentary on the estate of Mathias Whitenight, late of Hemlock township, Columbia county, Pa., deceased, have been granted to M. C. Whitenight and I. M. C. L. Whitenight, to whom all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make payment, and those having claims or demands will make known the same without delay.

M. C. WHITENIGHT,
I. M. C. L. WHITENIGHT,
Executors.

Vanderslice, Atty.
10-14-6t.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

Estate of Parson Edwards, late of Madison township, deceased.

Notice is hereby given that letters of administration on the estate of Parson Edwards, late of Madison township, deceased, have been granted to the undersigned administratrix, to whom all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make payments, and those having claims or demands will make known the same without delay to

ADALINE C. EDWARDS,
Administratrix,
Jerseytown, Pa.

Quick, Atty.
10-7-6t.

ORDER OF COURT FOR SPECIAL SESSION.

Now, Sept. 22nd, 1897. Emergencies having arisen requiring a traverse jury in the Court of Oyer and Terminer, and also for a SPECIAL SESSION of the several Courts of Quarter Sessions of the peace, general jail delivery, Court of Oyer and Terminer, Orphans' Court and Court of Common Pleas in and for Columbia County.

It is ordered that such special session or term of several Courts shall be held at Bloomsburg, in said county, commencing on Tuesday, the 26th day of October, A. D. 1897, at ten o'clock in the forenoon of said day, and shall continue for a period, or term, of two weeks, and that a venire issue for the summoning of forty-eight traverse jurors, to serve in the said Court of Oyer and Terminer and Court of Quarter Sessions of the Peace for and during said special term of two weeks as aforesaid.

BY THE COURT.

Attest: W. H. HENRIE, Clerk.
Clerk's Office, Bloomsburg, Pa.
9-23-'97.

PROFESSIONAL CARDS.

N. U. FUNK,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
Mrs. Est's Building, Court House Alley,
BLOOMSBURG, PA.

A. L. FRITZ,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
Post Office Building, 2nd floor,
BLOOMSBURG, PA.

C. W. MILLER,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
Wirt's Building, 2nd floor,
BLOOMSBURG, PA.

JOHN G. FREEZE. JOHN G. HARMAN
FREEZE & HARMAN,
ATTORNEYS AND COUNSELLORS AT LAW,
BLOOMSBURG, PA.
Offices: Centre St., first door below Opera House

GEO. E. ELWELL,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
Columbian Building, 2nd floor,
BLOOMSBURG, PA.

WM. H. MAGILL,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW.
BLOOMSBURG, PA.
Office in Peacock's building, Market Square.

W. H. SNYDER,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
Office 2nd floor Mrs. Ents building,
BLOOMSBURG, PA.

ROBERT R. LITTLE,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
Columbian Building, 2nd floor,
BLOOMSBURG, PA.

A. N. YOST,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW
Wirt Building, Court House Square.
BLOOMSBURG, PA.

H. A. McKILLIP.
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW.
Columbian Building, 2nd Floor.
BLOOMSBURG, PA.

RALPH R. JOHN,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
Hartman Building, Market Square,
Bloomsburg, Pa.

IKELER & IKELER,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW.
Office back of Farmers' National Bank.
BLOOMSBURG, PA.

R. RUSH ZARR,
—ATTORNEY-AT-LAW.—
BLOOMSBURG, PA.
Office in Clark's Block, corner of 2nd and Centre Streets, 1-12-'94

W. A. EVERT,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW.
BLOOMSBURG, PA.
(Office over Alexander & Co. Wirt building.

G. M. QUICK,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
BLOOMSBURG, PA.
Office over First National Bank.

EDWARD J. FLYNN,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
CENTRALIA, PA.
Office Liddicot building, Locust avenue.

JOHN M. CLARK,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW AND JUSTICE OF THE PEACE,
Moyer Bros. Building, 2nd floor,
BLOOMSBURG, PA.

J. H. MAIZE,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, INSURANCE AND REAL ESTATE AGENT,
Office in Lockard's Building.
BLOOMSBURG, PA.

B. FRANK ZARR,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
Clark's Building, cor. Main and Centre Sts.,
BLOOMSBURG, Pa.
Can be consulted in German.

W. H. RHAWN,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
Office, corner of Third and Main Streets,
CATAWISSA, PA.

DR. J. C. RUTTER,
PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON,
Office, North Market Street,
BLOOMSBURG, PA.

J. S. JOHN, M. D.,
PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON.
Office and residence, 410 Main St.,
3-70-1y BLOOMSBURG, PA

J. HOWARD PATTERSON,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
Second floor Columbian Building,
Bloomsburg, Pa.

SPECIAL ATTENTION TO DISEASES OF CHILDREN
H. BIERMAN, M. D.
HOMŒOPATHIC PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON
OFFICE HOURS: Office & Residence, 4th St.,
Until 9 A. M.,
1 to 2 and 7 to 8 P. M. BLOOMSBURG, PA

S. B. ARMENT, M. D.
Office and Residence No. 18. West Fifth St
DISEASES OF THE THROAT AND NOSE SPECIALTY
OFFICE HOURS. 8 to 10 A.M. 2 to 4 P. M. 7 to 9 P. M. BLOOMSBURG PA.

DR. ANDREW GRAYDON,
PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON,
BLOOMSBURG, PA.
Office and residence in Prof. Waller's House.
* MARKET STREET *
TELEPHONE.

HENRY W. CHAMPLIN, M. D.
SURGEON AND GYNECOLOGIST.
Office over Farmer's National Bank.
Hours 10 to 12 A. M., 3 to 5 and 7 to 8 P. M
Residence, Third St. West of Jefferson.
TELEPHONE.

DR. F. W. REDEKER,
PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON,
Office and Residence, Centre St., between 4th and 5th Sts.
Diseases of the ear, nose and throat a specialty.
BLOOMSBURG, PA.
OFFICE HOURS: 8 to 10 a. m. 1 to 3 p. m. 7 to 9 p. m.

J. J. BROWN, M. D.,
Market Street. BLOOMSBURG, Pa.
THE EYE A SPECIALTY.
Eyes treated, tested, fitted with glasses and Artificial Eyes supplied.
Hours 10 to 4. Telephone Connection

DR. M. J. HESS,
DENTISTRY
IN ALL ITS BRANCHES,
Crown and bridge work
—A—
SPECIALTY,
Corner Main and Centre Streets,
BLOOMSBURG, PA.,

DR. W. H. HOUSE,
SURGEON DENTIST,
Office, Barton's Building, Main below Market
BLOOMSBURG, PA.
All styles of work done in a superior manner, and all work warranted as represented.
TEETH EXTRACTED WITHOUT PAIN,
by the use of Gas, and free of charge when artificial teeth are inserted.
To be open all hours during the day.

DR. C. S. VAN HORN,
—DENTIST.—
Office corner of East and Main streets, opposite Town Hall.
Office hours 8:30 to 12 a. m; 2 to 5 p. m.
BLOOMSBURG, PA.

C. WATSON McKELVY,
FIRE INSURANCE AGENT.
(Successor to B. F. Hartman
Represents twelve of the strongest Companies in the world, among which are:

	CASH CAPITAL.	TOTAL ASSETS.	SURPLUS OVER ALL.
Franklin of Phila..	$400,000	$3,196,529	$1,093,569
Penn'a. Phila.....	400,000	3,825,180	1,419,644
Queen, of N. Y. ..	500,000	3,538,915	1,021,823
Westchester, N. Y.	300,000	1,753,307	626,738
N. America, Phila.	3,000,000	9,730,689	2,200,736

OFFICE IN I. W. McKELVY'S STORE.
Losses promptly adjusted and paid.

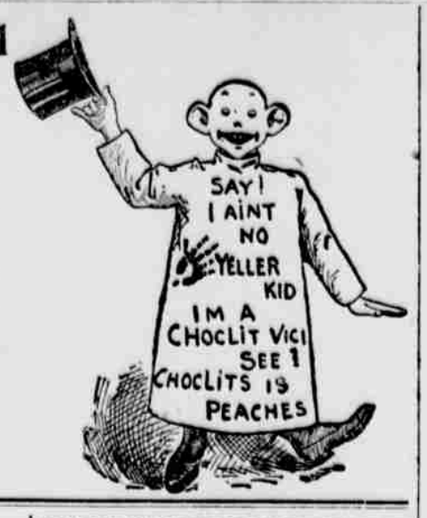
M. P. LUTZ & SON,
(SUCCESSORS TO FREAS BROWN)
INSURANCE AND REAL ESTATE AGENTS AND BROKERS.
N. W. Corner Main and Centre. Streets,
BLOOMSBURG, PA.
Represent Seventeen as good Companies as there are in the World and all losses promptly adjusted and paid at their Office.

CHRISTIAN F. KNAPP,
FIRE INSURANCE,
BLOOMSBURG, PA.
Home, of N. Y.; Merchants of Newark, N. J.; Clinton, N. Y.; Peoples', N. Y.; Reading, Pa; German American Ins. Co., New York; Greenwich Insurance Co., New York; Jersey City Fire Ins. Co., Jersey City, N. J.
These old corporations are well seasoned by age and fire tested, and have never yet had a loss settled by any court of law. Their assets are all invested in solid securities, and liable to the hazard of fire only.
Losses promptly and honestly adjusted and paid as soon as determined, by Christian F. Knapp, Special Agent and Adjuster, Bloomsburg, Pa.
The people of Columbia county should patronize the agency where losses, if any, are settled and paid by one of their own citizens.

CENTRAL HOTEL,
B. Stohner, Prop. C. F. Stohner, Assistant.
BLOOMSBURG, PA.
Large and convenient sample rooms. Hot and cold water, and all modern conveniences. The hotel has been lately refurnished.

CITY HOTEL,
W. A. Hartzel, Prop. Peter F. Reidy, Manager
No. 121 West Main Street,
BLOOMSBURG, PA.
Large and convenient sample rooms, bath rooms, hot and cold water, and modern conveniences. Bar stocked with best wine and liquors. First-class livery attached.

Chocolate Colored
Vici Kid and Calf Shoes.



This is an 1897 line, and is the Popular shade for Summer Shoes. It will pay you to catch on. We have them in Kid and Cloth tops.

W. C. McKinney,
Clark's Building, Main Street.

THE COLUMBIAN.

BLOOMSBURG, PA.

Public Sale.

The heirs of Col. H. R. Kline, deceased, will sell at the residence of the decedent in Orangeville, Pa., on Saturday, November 20th, 1897, at two o'clock p. m. valuable real estate consisting of a house and lot situated in the village of Orangeville. The property is nicely located and will make a very desirable residence.

Don't Tobacco Spit and Smoke Your Life Away.

If you want to quit tobacco using easily and forever, be made well, strong, magnetic, full of new life and vigor, take No-To-Bac, the wonder-worker, that makes weak men strong. Many gain ten pounds in ten days. Over 400,000 cured. Buy No-To-Bac of your druggist, under guarantee to cure, 50c or $1.00. Booklet and sample mailed free. Ad. Sterling Remedy Co., Chicago or New York.

ANNOUNCEMENTS.

WANTED.—A lot ranging from 25 to 30 acres with good building on. Address P. O. Box 14, Light Street, Pa. 7-1-tf.

Don't fail to see Mercer's fine display of lamps on the fair ground.

Our $12 overcoat is equal to any 15 or $18 coat in Bloomsburg. L. Gross.

Mercer has the largest and finest assortment of lamps in town. Call on him and ask to see the Juno Home Lamp, burns full flame eight hours, nice white light.

You can get any piece of music published in Europe or America for one half the regular price, at Thomas' Main St., Bloom.

The White is still King, but now reigns at Thomas' music store, Main Street, cheaper than ever. In cash or installments.

If you are looking for lamps, you can't fail to find a selection in Mercer's fine assortment.

Buy the latest style and best fitting overcoat in town at L. Gross'.

Room Lamps, Hall Lamps, Parlor Lamps, in fact any kind of a lamp can be purchased of J. H. Mercer, just opposite the Episcopal Church. See his display on the Fair ground.

Country school teachers desiring to rent organs during the school term can be accommodated at Thomas' music store. Main St. Bloom.

Mercer sold hundreds of lamps last season. He will sell more than ever this year. See his display on the fair ground.

You can buy a strictly all wool man's suit at L. Gross' for $4.98.

A new lot of general warranty deeds just printed and for sale at this office.

All the latest things in hats and caps at L. Gross'.

Competition defied in Bloomsburg. Either in Make, Price, Fit, Quantity or Quality of goods to select from of clothing made to order at ready made prices at Maier, Clothier, Tailor, Hatter and Furnisher. 8-19-12t.

Mercer handles all the latest styles of the famous Miller gold plated Parlor Lamps. His prices can't be matched for lowness.

"A dollar saved is a dollar earned" you can save many dollars by buying your clothes of L. Gross.

FOR RENT. Third floor of COLUMBIAN Building, newly papered and painted, water, electric light and steam heat. Apply to Geo. E. Elwell. tf.

You will find the largest and most complete line of clothing in town at L. Gross'.

What do the Children Drink?

Don't give them tea or coffee Have you tried the new food drink called Grain O? It is delicious and nourishing and takes the place of coffee. The more Grain O you give the children the more health you distribute through their systems. Grain O is made of pure grains, and tastes like choice coffee but costs about ¼ the price. All grocers sell it. 15c and 25c.

HOOD'S PILLS cure Liver Ills, Biliousness, Indigestion, Headache. Easy to take, easy to operate. 25c.

THINKS HE MAY BE LOST CHARLEY ROSS.

A letter has been received at Harrisburg bearing the date of Macon, Colo., October 12, by Postmaster Walters, from a man who signs his name "William H. Thomas," in which the writer states that he believes he is the long lost Charley Ross.

There are a number of families living in the vicinity of Lebanon of the name of Ross and the writer states that he learned through a Nebraska man of this fact. The letter is poorly written and the spelling is bad. It is as follows:

"Macon, Colo., Oct. 12, 1897—To the friends of the lost Charley Ross: Not know your names I take this way of addressing you. I learned from a Nebraska man that the Ross family was still living, or some of them at least. My name is William Thomas, or at least that is what I have been taught. I have been trying to get some trace of my relations for years and it seems as though I have none, or I can't find them, if I have. I am, to the best of my knowledge, thirty-six or thirty-seven years of age, and I think from what I can remember, I was three or four years of age.

"About the first I can remember, I lived somewhere in Pennsylvania, and when stolen I was taken to the orphans' home by two men in a wagon. The home was at Nashville, Tenn. I remember I had long flaxen curls and had a little blue suit with shiny buttons on. I stayed at this place about two or three years, should judge, and then I was taken from there to Kentucky to live with a family and stayed with them until I was grown.

"From the description I have of the lost Charley Ross I thought perhaps I might be the lost boy. I have a birth mark on my left ankle of two red spots about the size of a twenty-five cent piece.

"Now, kind friends, if you can assist me in finding my relations you will do me a great kindness. I am a new miner at the Cripple Creek district. A letter will reach me at Macon, Colo. Hoping to hear from you, I am yours respectfully, William H. Thomas."

Civil Service Examination.

The United States Civil Service commission has ordered that an examination be held in Bloomsburg on Saturday, November 27th, for clerk and carriers in the postoffice service. Only citizens of the United States can be examined, and the age is limited as follows: Clerk, 18 years or over; Carriers, 20 years and under 40 years. Proper blanks for making application can be procured of the secretary of the local examining board.

The new Methodist Church at Millville which is just about completed will be dedicated November 14. The dedicatory services will be in charge of Dr. E. H. Yocum, Presiding Elder.

ONE OF TWO WAYS.

The bladder was created for one purpose, namely, a receptacle for the urine, and as such it is not liable to any form of disease except by one of two ways. The first way is from imperfect action of the kidneys. The second way is from careless local treatment of other diseases.

CHIEF CAUSE.

Unhealthy urine from unhealthy kidneys is the chief cause of bladder troubles. So the womb, like the bladder, was created for one purpose, and if not doctored too much is not liable to weakness or diseases, except in rare cases. It is situated back of and very close to the bladder, therefore any pain, disease or inconvenience manifested in the kidneys, back, bladder or urinary passage is often, by mistake, attributed to female weakness or womb trouble of some sort. The error is easily made and may be as easily avoided. To find out correctly, set your urine aside for twenty four hours; a sediment or settling indicates kidney or bladder trouble. The mild and extraordinary effect of Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root, the great kidney, and bladder remedy, is soon realized. If you need a medicine you should have the best. At druggists fifty cents and one dollar. You may have a sample bottle and pamphlet, both sent free by mail. Mention THE COLUMBIAN and send your address to Dr. Kilmer & Co, Binghamton, N. Y. The proprietors of this paper guarantee the genuineness of this offer.

INDUSTRIAL ARENA.

There are accumulating signs of an industrial revival.

Exports to foreign countries are increasing at all southern ports.

Glasgow, Scotland, streets are being paved with American asphalt.

Uncle Sam's new torpedo boats will go thirty-five miles an hour.

The Danish army is to hereafter be supplied with American meat.

The new elevator at Buffalo will hold 1,000,000 bushels of grain.

Another immense deposit of coal has been discovered in Colombia, S. A.

The St. Lawrence river is to be deepened to fourteen feet at an immense cost.

Apples are scarce because the European markets gobbled the bulk of our crop.

The Japanese have contracted at Pittsburg for the erection of tin plate mills.

A sugar beet company with a capital of $1,000,000 tons has started in Wisconsin.

Two carloads of horses recently were shipped from the Cumberland Valley, Pa., to London.

In 1891 the production of aluminum was 168,075 pounds. Last year it was 1,300,000 pounds.

Over $300,000 was spent last year in Australia in trapping, packing and shipping frozen rabbits.

Several idle blast furnaces in the Mahoning and Shenango valleys north of Pittsburg have started up.

Within two months American cigarette-makers have exported 100,000,000 cigarettes to India, China and Japan.

Another submarine boat has been launched at Oshkosh, Wis., five feet long and seven and one-half feet deep.

California proposes a two and one-half cents tax on all property with which to build good roads all over the State.

The Italian government has purchased 15,000 hogshead of fine dark tobacco from a concern in Tennessee, price $2,000,000.

A government scheme is on foot to greatly increase our exports of agricultural products, especially dairy production, cheese and butter.

There is a probability of a boom in steel railway building in all the cities of Europe. The people there are getting busier and want to ride more.

It costs from thirty-five to fifty-five cents a ton to handle the coal at most of our cities. By a system of machinery the cost is to be reduced to three cents.

Instead of having the great bulk of our fruit put up in tin cans, they are going to be made of paper. They are made out of wood pulp and dry in twenty-four hours.

A boat sixty-seven feet long, five and one-half feet draft is being built that is to go forty miles an hour. The saloon is thirteen feet long, four and one-half feet wide; fuel, gasoline.

A party of St. Louis commercial travelers to save hotel bills have chartered a railway car fitted up as a hotel and salesroom for seventy days' trip. Forty stops at towns will be made and merchants will come to the car to buy. This is a new wrinkle.

In Egypt all the way out to the pyramids the road is good macadam. It is sprinkled not too often, is never muddy, and is kept fairly clean, though it is infested by hordes of brown babies chewing sugar cane, by camels, polo ponies, donkeys, caravans, oxen and buffaloes.

A California company has taken to drying potatoes before shipping them. By this process four-fifths of the weight can be dried out of them. They are watered up and cooked and are all right again. A company is now drying 5,000,000 pounds of potatoes into 1,000,000 pounds.

Fifteen turbine wheels of 5,000 horse power each are to be put up at Massena, N. Y., where the St. Lawrence falls fifty-six feet in seven miles. A capital of $3,000,000 is secured, a canal connecting the two makes available a large power. The proposal is to cut this canal three and one-half miles long, 220 feet broad and twenty-six feet deep. With a working head of forty feet it could send enough water into the Grass river to develop 150,000 horse power. The canal to be built will furnish 100,000 horse power, and of that 75,000 is to be developed by the machinery now being contracted for. The turbines and generators will be placed on horizontal shafts, the unit being 5,000 horse power.

Removed to Shamokin.

The main offices of the Philadelphia & Reading Railway Company will be removed in the near future from Williamsport to Shamokin, a building in the latter city now being made ready for that purpose.

It is thought that this change is made to get all the people under Superintendent Dice, who is located at Shamokin, together. Shamokin is the most central point in the division, and the railroad officials probably think it better to have all the offices at one place. This will leave the Williamsport end of the line, which is the terminus, without a representative.

General Superintendent Sweigard, in an interview, stated that the steel viaduct bridges on the Catawissa road were about finished and that all the heavy freight traffic would be diverted from the Shamokin branch to that line. Heavier locomotives will be employed in that trade and the old route will be devoted entirely to the coal and passenger traffic. In other words, all freight received from the connecting lines at Williamsport will be sent over the Catawissa road via Catawissa and East Mahanoy Junction.

Our Ladies' Coats will suit you in quality and price.
The Leader Department Store.

THE
BROADWAY

Popular Prices

Are the irresistible powers that move the world more than the fabled Lever of Archimedes. They burden the railways, throng the theatres and crowd our place with multitudes who know enough to know that they are getting more than value received for their money. Old timers, relics of the fossiliferous age of merchandising, whose sole and only idea of profit is **100 per cent.**, stand aghast at prices that seem to them the acme of folly and the knell of trade.

HERE ARE MORE FOR TO-DAY.

Colored cambrics,	4c yd
Infants' bibs,	5c ea
Feather stitch braid,	5c pc
Colored crayons,	4c box of 6 colors
Students, note books,	4c ea.
Pencil tablets,	1, 2, 4, 5c ea
Ink tablets,	2, 5, 8c ea
Note paper,	24, 60c ream
Cream unruled note paper,	60c ream
Carpenters' pencils,	2c ea., 19c doz
Envelopes,	1, 2, 3, 4c pack of 25
Velveteen skirt binding,	5 yard pieces, 15c piece.
Wigard cuff holders,	8c pair
Patent hooks and eyes,	2c, 8c card
Rubber fine combs,	2, 5, 8c ea
Black linen thread,	3c spool
Aluminum hair pins,	5, 10c doz
Triumph dress stays,	5c doz
Large honey comb towels,	5c ea
Red and green figured damask	25c per yard.
Flower pots,	3. 5, 8c ea
New things in decorated china,	from 5c to $1 50 per piece. See them.
2 qt. covered buckets,	5c ea
Chenille table covers,	30, 69, 75, 1 00, 1.25, $1.48 each.
Men's flannel shirts,	50, 98c ea
Floor oil cloth,	2 yards. wide, 40, 50, 75c yd.
Clothes pins,	4 doz. for 5c
10 piece decorated toilet sets,	$2.25 a set.
Boys' Jersey overshirts,	38c ea
Maple butter bowls,	8, 16, 24c ea
Dust brushes,	10. 15c ea
Wash boards,	10, 25, 30c ea
Enameline stove polish,	4, 8c box
Yard wide hemp carpet,	12½c yd.
15 in. horse rasps,	23c ea
Nickel alarm clocks,	75c ea
Sterling silver thimbles,	15c ea
Men's working gloves,	25, 48, 98c pr

Agency for Butterick Patterns.

Respectfully Submitted to the Cash Trade Only by

THE BROADWAY CASH STORE,
Moyer's New Building, Main Street,
BLOOMSBURG.

Yes, they are High Grade wheels at a price within your reach. The workmanship and material is equal to the usual $75 bicycles, but we are selling them for

$35 CASH,

thus saving you a nice little sum. We constantly have a few second handed wheels at a low price. Do you want nice pair of wood handle bars? We have them for only $1.50. In repair work we guarantee satisfaction, and ask you to try us.

Bloomsburg Cycle Co.,
4-1-6m. **Rear of Post Office**

J. E. KEIFER,
Successor to E. A. RAWLINGS,
—DEALER IN—
All Kinds of Meat,
Beef, Veal, Lamb, Mutton, Pork, Hams, Bacon, Tongues, Bologna, &c. Free Delivery to all parts of the town.
CENTRE STREET,
BLOOMSBURG, PA.
Telephone connection.

Baptism of Children.

The pastor of the Methodist Episcopal Church will administer the sacrament of baptism to children next Sunday morning at 10:30. Parents who are members of the church or congregation who have children that they desire to have baptized are requested to bring them to the church at the time designated.

ELECTION PROCLAMATION.

I, J. B. McHENRY High Sheriff of Columbia County, Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, do hereby make known and give notice to the electors of the county aforesaid, that a general election will be held in the said county of Columbia, on

TUESDAY, NOVEMBER 2, 1897,

(being the Tuesday next following the first Monday of said month) for the purpose of electing the several persons hereafter named:

One person for Auditor General of Pennsylvania.
One person for Treasurer of Pennsylvania.
One person for Associate Judge of Columbia county.
One person for Sheriff of Columbia county.
One person for Jury Commissioner of Columbia county.
One person for Coroner of Columbia county.

The qualified voters of this county are hereby authorized and required to vote by ticket, printed, written, or partly printed and partly written as follows:

REPUBLICAN.

STATE TREASURER, James S. Beacom.
AUDITOR GENERAL, Levi G. McCauley.
ASSOCIATE JUDGE, Jennings U. Kurtz.
SHERIFF, Elias Hendershott.
CORONER, Lewis E. Davis.
JURY COMMISSIONER, J. J. Crawford.

DEMOCRATIC.

STATE TREASURER, M. E. Brown.
AUDITOR GENERAL, Walter E. Ritter.
ASSOCIATE JUDGE, Alexander B. Herring.
SHERIFF, William W. Black.
CORONER, W. E Gerrity.
JURY COMMISSIONER, George B. Hummer.

PROHIBITION.

STATE TREASURER, Silas C. Swallow.
AUDITOR GENERAL, William W. Lathrope.
SHERIFF, Richard T. Smith.
CORONER, John B. Eves.
JURY COMMISSIONER, Alem B. White.

SOCIALIST LABOR.

STATE TREASURER, William H. Thomas.
AUDITOR GENERAL, J. Mahlon Barnes.

LIBERTY.

STATE TREASURER, Amos Steele Smith.
AUDITOR GENERAL, James C. Hogan.

INDEPENDENT.

STATE TREASURER, William B. Thompson.

I also hereby make known and give notice that the places of holding the aforesaid election in the several wards, boroughs, districts and townships within the county of Columbia are as follows, viz:

Beaver township, at the public house of C. A. Shuman.
Benton Borough, at the public house of Oscar E. Sutton, in the Borough of Benton.
Benton township, at the grist mill of Edwards Bros.
Berwick N. E., at the tin shop of George A. Buckingham on east side of Pine street, between Sixth and Seventh streets, in the Borough of Berwick.
Berwick S. E., at the easterly side of the public building on second street, between Market and Mulberry streets, in the Borough of Berwick.
Berwick N. W., at the band room of Harry Grozier on the easterly side of the alley between Third and Jackson streets, in the Borough of Berwick.
Berwick S. W., at the westerly side of the public building on second street, between Market and Mulberry streets, in the Borough of Berwick.
Bloom, 1st Precinct, at the Court House, in Bloomsburg.
Bloom, 2nd Precinct, at Office of W. L. Demaree, on West Fifth St., Bloomsburg.
Bloom, 3rd Precinct, at the Town Hall, in Bloomsburg.
Bloom, 4th Precinct, at the Public House of Wm. Giger, in Bloomsburg.
Briarcreek township, at the Martz school house.
Catawissa Borough, in the building of W. H. Rhawn, at corner of Main and Railroad Sts. in the Borough of Catawissa.
Catawissa township, in the public house of Z. Kreisher.
Centre township, at the public school house near Lafayette Creasy's.
Centralia, 1st Ward, at the public House of John J. Fain, in Centralia.
Centralia, 2nd Ward, at the public house of Mary Curry, in Centralia.
Cleveland township, at Keller's school house.
Conyngham, E. North District, at the school house near colliery of John Anderson & Co.
Conyngham West North, at the public house of Daniel Roach in Montana.
Conyngham, Southeast, at the public house of Bridget Burke.
Conyngham, Southwest, at the public house of William Waltersheid, in Locustdale.
Conyngaam West District at Midvalley School House.
E. Fishingcreek, at the house of John Wenner at Bendertown.
W. Fishingcreek, at the house of A. B. McHenry at Millwater.
Franklin township, at the Lawrence school house.
Greenwood East at the public house of Alfred Zeigler in Rohrsburg.
Greenwood West, at the shop of Samuel Miller, in Greenwood.
Hemlock township at the public house of William Smith in the town of Buckhorn.
Jackson township, at the house of H. H. Hirleman, in Jackson.
Locust township at the public house of Peter Bean, in Numidia.
Madison township at the public house of Miles smith in Jerseytown.
Main township, at the public house of John Baumanin Mainville.
Mifflin township, at the public house of Benj. Fennypacker, in Mifflinville.
Millville Borough, at the public house of Harry Neyhart, in Millville.
Montour township, at the public house of Mrs. Lloyd Kelchner, at Rupert.
Mt. Pleasant township, at the election house of Robert C. Howell.
Orange township, at the public house of Hiram Shaffer, in Orangeville
N. Pine, at the house of William H. Lyons.
S. Pine, at house of Elijah Shoemaker.
Roaringcreek township, at the house of Samuel Leiby.
Scott East, at Odd Fellows Hall, in Espy.
Scott West, at the P. O. S. of A. building in Light Street.
North Sugarloaf, at the public house of Jacob Steen in Central.
South Sugarloaf, at the old school house at Coles Creek.

Polls shall be opened at seven o'clock a. m., and shall continue open without interruption or adjournment until seven o'clock p. m., when the polls will be closed.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN

That every person, excepting Justices of the Peace and Aldermen, Notaries Public and persons in the militia service of the State who shall hold, or shall within two months have held any office or appointment of profit or trust under the United States, or of this state and city or corporated district, whether a commissioned officer or otherwise a subordinate officer or agent, who is or shall be employed under the Legislative, Executive or Judiciary Department of this State, or of any city, or of any incorporated district, and also, that every member of Congress and of the State Legislature, and of the select or common Council of any city, or commissioners of any incorporated district are by law incapable of holding, or exercising at the same time, the office or appointment of Judge, Inspector or Clerk, of any election of this Commonwealth, and that no Inspector, Judge or other officer of such election shall be eligible to be then voted for.

The Inspectors and Judge of the election shall meet at the respective places appointed for holding the election in the district to which they respectively belong, before seven o'clock in the morning, and each of those Inspectors shall appoint one clerk, who shall be a qualified voter of such district.

J. B. McHENRY, SHERIFF.
Sheriff's office, Bloomsburg, Pa., Oct. 19, 1897.

SUBSCRIBE FOR
TH COLUMBIAN

JONAS LONG'S SONS' WEEKLY CHATS.

WILKES-BARRE, PA.,
October 21st, 1897.

The choice of American Ladies Jackets, Capes, Fur Collarettes and Walking and Shopping Costumes is included in our stock. The variety and extent of the stock shown here has never been approached by a store in this section. And what is of more interest, our prices are marvels of littleness. You can purchase a splendidly made Beaver Jacket, with high storm collar, for $4.95. Kersey Jackets, half silk lined, correctly styled and tailored, at $6. Kersey Jackets, lined throughout with satin Rhadamer, at $7.90. Women's Fine Jackets, lined throughout, trimmed with strap seam, at $10. Women's stylish Astrakhan Cloth Capes, good length and sweep, $3.50. Cloth and Plush Capes, jaunty and attractive, big sweep, $3.98 and $5. Cloth and Plush Capes, excellent materials, Passementerie trimmed, $7.50 and $10. Fine high class Velvet Capes, perfect gems of the tailor's art, run in price from $15, $20, $25, up to $40.

Fine tailor made Suits in all the fashionable and substantial woolens that can't be found elsewhere at our price, are $10.95, $12.50, $15, $20 and $27.50 for the very best.

Excellent Cloth Dress Skirts, latest cut, $1.48, $2.48 and $3.95.

Figured Silk Skirts, full width percaline lined, at $5, $6, $7.90 and $8.95.

Good serviceable stylish Flannel Waists, plain and fancy, at 98c, $1.25 and $2.25.

Changeable Taffeta Silk Waists, fine pleating, lined and boned, at $4.95.

Everything is now Klondike. The new storm collar is Klondike. We've handsome Astrakhan to make them at the yard $1.98. Takes ¾ yards for a collar, cost $1.49. The making is simple; $2 covers the entire cost.

Our new cloakings are exceptional value. 56-Inch all wool Dorset Cloaking in black, only sold elsewhers at $2 the yard; our price is $1.25.

Golf Cloakings are among our latest importations. Plain and fancy effects with rich plaid linings, our St. Andrew Cloakings are the newest of the new, price only $2.50 the yard. 1½ yard makes a circular, no lining needed, actual cost of Golf Cape $3.75.

Coverts are in great demand, prices are advancing. We have a grand assortment bought at the right time; you will share the advantage in price. 6 yards will make a Jacket Suit or Tailor Gown, at the very low price per yard 75c.

The leading idea is the Roman Blouse; must have rich materials to make it. Our Queen Vel Vel takes the place of silk velvet at half the cost. Perfect in finish, rich close pile, 24 inches wide, finest fabric sold to-day. 4 yards is sufficient for a blouse, total cost $3.56. Send to the large cities for it, price would be $1 per yard. Our price, and it can be obtained only of us, is 89c.

Infants' long dresses made of the finest Nansook, trimmed with dainty embroidery, according to make, trimming and finish, from 95c. to $3.75.

Little Saques of Cashmere and Flannel 65c. to $2.75.

Long Flannel Skirts, handsomely embroidered, some with feather-stitched hems in silk.

Night Gowns of fine material, trimmed with Baby Embroidery, up from 25c.

Mail orders filled promptly and correctly.

Jonas Long's Sons
Cor. W. Market and Public Square.